

# R&S®NRP2 Power Meter and R&S®NRP-Zxx Power Sensors Specifications



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## Definitions

Product data applies under the following conditions:

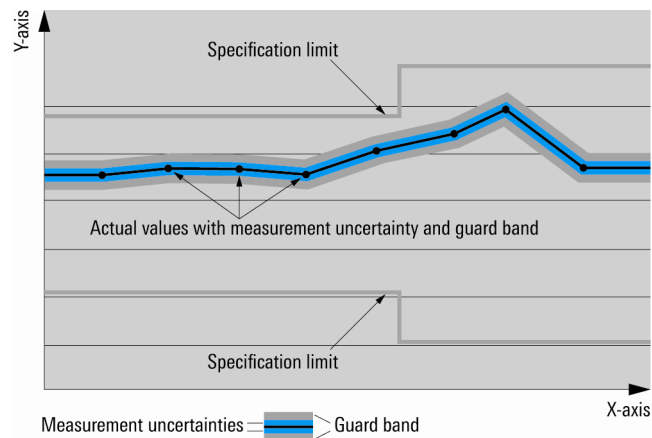
- Three hours storage at the expected operating temperature followed by 30 minutes warm-up, unless otherwise stated
- Specified environmental conditions met
- Recommended calibration interval adhered to
- All internal automatic adjustments performed, if applicable

### Specifications with limits

Describe warranted product performance by means of a range of values for the specified parameter. These specifications are marked with limiting symbols such as  $<$ ,  $\leq$ ,  $>$ ,  $\geq$ ,  $\pm$ , or descriptions such as maximum and minimum.

Specifications in normal print refer to parameters where compliance is ensured by the design or derived from the measurement of related parameters.

Specifications in **bold** print are 100 % tested. Test limits have been narrowed by guard bands to take into account measurement uncertainties, drift and aging, if applicable.



### Specifications without limits

Describe warranted product performance by means of a representative value for the specified parameter. Limits are omitted whenever they are not relevant for the specification (e.g. dimensional data).

### Typical values (typical)

Represent the population mean for the given parameter, derived from the design and/or production testing. Typical values are not warranted by Rohde & Schwarz.

### Limits of uncertainty

Expanded uncertainties with a coverage factor of 2, calculated from the test assembly specifications and the modeled behavior of the sensor, including environmental conditions, aging, wear and tear, if applicable. The given values represent limits of uncertainty that are met by the Rohde & Schwarz instrument after calibration at a production or service site. Limits of uncertainty are indicated in italics and have been determined in line with the rules of the Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

# Overview of the R&S® NRP-Zxx power sensors

Sensor type R&S®	Frequency range	Power range, max. average power / peak envelope power	Connector type
<b>Universal power sensors</b>			
NRP-Z11	10 MHz to 8 GHz	200 pW to 200 mW (–67 dBm to +23 dBm) max. 400 mW (AVG) / 1 W (PK, 10 µs)	N
NRP-Z21	10 MHz to 18 GHz	200 pW to 200 mW (–67 dBm to +23 dBm) max. 400 mW (AVG) / 1 W (PK, 10 µs)	N
NRP-Z31	10 MHz to 33 GHz	200 pW to 200 mW (–67 dBm to +23 dBm) max. 400 mW (AVG) / 1 W (PK, 10 µs)	3.5 mm
NRP-Z211	10 MHz to 8 GHz	1.0 nW to 100 mW (–60 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 400 mW (AVG) / 2 W (PK, 10 µs)	N
NRP-Z221	10 MHz to 18 GHz	1.0 nW to 100 mW (–60 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 400 mW (AVG) / 2 W (PK, 10 µs)	N
NRP-Z22	10 MHz to 18 GHz	2 nW to 2 W (–57 dBm to +33 dBm) max. 3 W (AVG) / 10 W (PK, 10 µs)	N
NRP-Z23	10 MHz to 18 GHz	20 nW to 15 W (–47 dBm to +42 dBm) max. 18 W (AVG) / 100 W (PK, 10 µs)	N
NRP-Z24	10 MHz to 18 GHz	60 nW to 30 W (–42 dBm to +45 dBm) max. 36 W (AVG) / 300 W (PK, 10 µs)	N
<b>Wideband power sensors</b>			
NRP-Z81	50 MHz to 18 GHz	1 nW to 100 mW (–60 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 200 mW (AVG) / 1 W (PK, 1 µs)	N
NRP-Z85	50 MHz to 40 GHz	1 nW to 100 mW (–60 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 200 mW (AVG) / 1 W (PK, 1 µs)	2.92 mm
NRP-Z86	50 MHz to 40 GHz	1 nW to 100 mW (–60 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 200 mW (AVG) / 1 W (PK, 1 µs)	2.40 mm
<b>Thermal power sensors</b>			
NRP-Z51	DC to 18 GHz	1 µW to 100 mW (–30 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 300 mW (AVG) / 10 W (PK, 1 µs)	N
NRP-Z52	DC to 33 GHz	300 nW to 100 mW (–35 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 300 mW (AVG) / 10 W (PK, 1 µs)	3.50 mm
NRP-Z55 model .03	DC to 40 GHz	300 nW to 100 mW (–35 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 300 mW (AVG) / 10 W (PK, 1 µs)	2.92 mm
NRP-Z55 model .04	DC to 44 GHz	300 nW to 100 mW (–35 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 300 mW (AVG) / 10 W (PK, 1 µs)	2.92 mm
NRP-Z56	DC to 50 GHz	300 nW to 100 mW (–35 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 300 mW (AVG) / 10 W (PK, 1 µs)	2.40 mm
NRP-Z57	DC to 67 GHz	300 nW to 100 mW (–35 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 300 mW (AVG) / 10 W (PK, 1 µs)	1.85 mm
<b>Average power sensors</b>			
NRP-Z91	9 kHz to 6 GHz	200 pW to 200 mW (–67 dBm to +23 dBm) max. 400 mW (AVG) / 1 W (PK, 10 µs)	N
NRP-Z92	9 kHz to 6 GHz	2 nW to 2 W (–57 dBm to +33 dBm) max. 3 W (AVG) / 10 W (PK, 10 µs)	N
<b>Level control sensors</b>			
NRP-Z28	10 MHz to 18 GHz	200 pW to 100 mW (–67 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 700 mW (AVG) / 4 W (PK, 10 µs)	N
NRP-Z98	9 kHz to 6 GHz	200 pW to 100 mW (–67 dBm to +20 dBm) max. 700 mW (AVG) / 4 W (PK, 10 µs)	N
<b>Power sensor modules</b>			
NRP-Z27	DC to 18 GHz	4 µW to 400 mW (–24 dBm to +26 dBm) max. 500 mW (AVG) / 30 W (PK, 1 µs)	N
NRP-Z37	DC to 26.5 GHz	4 µW to 400 mW (–24 dBm to +26 dBm) max. 500 mW (AVG) / 30 W (PK, 1 µs)	3.5 mm

# Specifications in brief of the R&S® NRP-Zxx power sensors

Sensor type	Impedance matching (SWR)	Rise time Video BW	Zero offset (typical)	Noise (typical)	Uncertainty for power measurements at +20 °C to +25 °C	
					absolute	relative
<b>R&amp;S®</b>						
<b>Universal power sensors</b>						
NRP-Z11	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.20	< 8 µs > 50 kHz	64 pW	40 pW	0.047 dB to 0.083 dB	0.022 dB to 0.066 dB
NRP-Z21	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.20 > 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.25				0.047 dB to 0.128 dB	0.022 dB to 0.110 dB
NRP-Z31	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.20 > 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.25 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.30 > 26.5 GHz to 33.0 GHz: < 1.35				0.051 dB to 0.137 dB	0.022 dB to 0.118 dB
NRP-Z211	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.20	< 10 µs > 40 kHz	290 pW	180 pW	0.054 dB to 0.110 dB	0.022 dB to 0.112 dB
NRP-Z221	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.20 > 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.25				0.054 dB to 0.143 dB	0.022 dB to 0.142 dB
NRP-Z22	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.14 > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.20 > 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.25 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.30	< 8 µs > 50 kHz	0.7 nW	0.4 nW	0.079 dB to 0.178 dB	0.022 dB to 0.112 dB
NRP-Z23	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.14 > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.25 > 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.30 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.41		7 nW	4 nW	0.078 dB to 0.199 dB	0.022 dB to 0.110 dB
NRP-Z24	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.14 > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.25 > 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.30 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.41		20 nW	13 nW	0.078 dB to 0.222 dB	0.022 dB to 0.110 dB
<b>Wideband power sensors</b>						
NRP-Z81	50 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.16 > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.20 > 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.25	< 13 ns > 30 MHz	220 pW	110 pW	0.130 dB to 0.150 dB	–
NRP-Z85 NRP-Z86	50 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.16 > 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.20 > 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.25 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.30 > 26.5 GHz to 40.0 GHz: < 1.35				0.130 dB to 0.180 dB	–
<b>Thermal power sensors</b>						
NRP-Z51	DC to 2.4 GHz: < 1.10 > 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.15 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.20	–	33 nW	20 nW	0.052 dB to 0.100 dB	0.032 dB
NRP-Z52	DC to 100 MHz: < 1.03 > 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.06 > 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.16 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.22 > 26.5 GHz to 33.0 GHz: < 1.28		0.040 dB to 0.101 dB	0.010 dB		
NRP-Z55 model .03	DC to 100 MHz: < 1.03 > 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.06 > 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.16 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.22 > 26.5 GHz to 40.0 GHz: < 1.28		0.040 dB to 0.108 dB	0.010 dB		
NRP-Z55 model .04	DC to 100 MHz: < 1.03 > 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.06 > 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.16 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.22 > 26.5 GHz to 40.0 GHz: < 1.28 > 40.0 GHz to 44.0 GHz: < 1.30		0.040 dB to 0.138 dB	0.010 dB		

## Specifications in brief of the R&S® NRP-Zxx power sensors (continued)

Sensor type R&S®	Impedance matching (SWR)	Rise time Video BW	Zero offset (typical)	Noise (typical)	Uncertainty for power measurements at +20 °C to +25 °C	
					absolute	relative
<b>Thermal power sensors (continued)</b>						
NRP-Z56	DC to 100 MHz: < 1.03 > 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.06 > 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.16 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.22 > 26.5 GHz to 40.0 GHz: < 1.28 > 40.0 GHz to 50.0 GHz: < 1.30	–	15 nW	15 nW	0.040 dB to 0.143 dB	0.010 dB
NRP-Z57	DC to 100 MHz: < 1.03 > 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.06 > 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.16 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.22 > 26.5 GHz to 40.0 GHz: < 1.28 > 40.0 GHz to 50.0 GHz: < 1.30 > 50.0 GHz to 67.0 GHz: < 1.35	–			0.040 dB to 0.248 dB	0.010 dB
<b>Average power sensors</b>						
NRP-Z91	9 kHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.13 > 2.4 GHz to 6.0 GHz: < 1.20	–	64 pW	40 pW	0.047 dB to 0.083 dB	0.022 dB to 0.066 dB
NRP-Z92	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.14 > 2.4 GHz to 6.0 GHz: < 1.20	–	0.7 nW	0.4 nW	0.079 dB to 0.151 dB	0.022 dB to 0.087 dB
<b>Level control sensors</b>						
NRP-Z28	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.11 > 2.4 GHz to 4.0 GHz: < 1.15 > 4.0 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.22 > 8.0 GHz to 18 GHz: < 1.30	< 8 µs > 50 kHz	67 pW	42 pW	0.047 dB to 0.130 dB	0.022 dB to 0.110 dB
NRP-Z98	9 kHz to 2.4 GHz: < 1.11 > 2.4 GHz to 4.0 GHz: < 1.15 > 4.0 GHz to 6.0 GHz: < 1.22	–			0.047 dB to 0.083 dB	0.022 dB to 0.066 dB
<b>Power sensor modules</b>						
NRP-Z27	DC to 2.0 GHz: < 1.15 > 2.0 GHz to 4.2 GHz: < 1.18 > 4.2 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.23 > 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.25 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.35	–	200 nW	120 nW	0.070 dB to 0.112 dB	0.032 dB
NRP-Z37	DC to 2.0 GHz: < 1.15 > 2.0 GHz to 4.2 GHz: < 1.18 > 4.2 GHz to 8.0 GHz: < 1.23 > 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz: < 1.25 > 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz: < 1.30 > 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz: < 1.45	–			0.070 dB to 0.122 dB	0.032 dB

# Universal power sensors in R&S® Smart Sensor Technology™

## R&S® NRP-Z11/-Z21 universal power sensors

Specifications from 8 GHz to 18 GHz apply only to the R&S® NRP-Z21.

<b>Frequency range</b>	R&S® NRP-Z11	10 MHz to 8 GHz	
	R&S® NRP-Z21	10 MHz to 18 GHz	
<b>Impedance matching (SWR)</b>	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz	< 1.13 ( <b>1.11</b> )	( ): +15 °C to +35 °C
	> 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz	< 1.20 ( <b>1.18</b> )	
	> 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< 1.25 ( <b>1.23</b> )	
<b>Power measurement range</b>	Continuous Average	200 pW to 200 mW (–67 dBm to +23 dBm)	
	Burst Average	200 nW to 200 mW (–37 dBm to +23 dBm)	
	Timeslot/Gate Average	600 pW to 200 mW (–62 dBm to +23 dBm) <sup>1</sup>	
	Trace	10 nW to 200 mW (–50 dBm to +23 dBm) <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Max. power</b>	average power	0.4 W (+26 dBm), continuous	
	peak envelope power	1.0 W (+30 dBm) for max. 10 µs	
<b>Measurement subranges</b>	path 1	–67 dBm to –14 dBm	
	path 2	–47 dBm to +6 dBm	
	path 3	–27 dBm to +23 dBm	
<b>Transition regions</b>	with automatic path selection <sup>3</sup>	(–19 ± 1) dBm to (–13 ± 1) dBm (+1 ± 1) dBm to (+7 ± 1) dBm	
<b>Dynamic response</b>	video bandwidth	> 50 kHz (100 kHz)	( ): +15 °C to +35 °C
	single-shot bandwidth	> 50 kHz (100 kHz)	
	rise time 10%/90%	< 8 µs (4 µs)	
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate (continuous)	133.358 kHz (default) or 119.467 kHz <sup>4</sup>	
<b>Triggering</b>	internal		
	threshold level range	–40 dBm to +23 dBm	
	threshold level accuracy	identical to uncertainty for absolute power measurements	
	threshold level hysteresis	0 dB to 10 dB	
	dropout <sup>5</sup>	0 s to 10 s	
	external	see R&S® NRP2 base unit, R&S® NRP-Z3 USB adapter or R&S® NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub	
	slope (external, internal)	pos./neg.	
	delay	–5 ms to +100 s	
	hold-off	0 s to 10 s	
	resolution (delay, hold-off, dropout)	sample period (≈ 8 µs)	
	source	internal, external, immediate, bus, hold	
<b>Zero offset</b>	initial, without zeroing		( ): typical at 1 GHz +15 °C to +35 °C [ ]: 8 GHz to 18 GHz
	path 1	< 470 [500] (100) pW	
	path 2	< 47 [50] (10) nW	
	path 3	< 4.7 [5] (1) µW	
	after external zeroing <sup>6 7</sup>		
	path 1	< 104 [110] (64) pW	
	path 2	< 10 [11] (6) nW	
path 3	< 1.0 [1.1] (0.6) µW		
<b>Zero drift<sup>8</sup></b>	path 1	< 35 [37] (0) pW	
	path 2	< 3.0 [3.2] (0) nW	
	path 3	< 0.30 [0.32] (0) µW	
<b>Measurement noise<sup>9</sup></b>	path 1	< 65 [69] (40) pW	
	path 2	< 6.3 [6.6] (4.0) nW	
	path 3	< 0.63 [0.66] (0.4) µW	



## R&S® NRP-Z11/-Z21 universal power sensors (continued)

### Uncertainty for absolute power measurements <sup>10</sup> in dB

#### 10 MHz to < 20 MHz

0.174	0.175	0.175
0.075	0.070	0.071
0.056	0.047	0.048
-67	-19	+1
		+23

Power level in dBm

#### 20 MHz to < 100 MHz

0.147	0.159	0.159
0.072	0.069	0.069
0.056	0.047	0.048
-67	-19	+1
		+23

Power level in dBm

0 °C to +50 °C  
 +15 °C to +35 °C  
 +20 °C to +25 °C

#### 100 MHz to 4 GHz

0.150	0.162	0.164
0.081	0.077	0.081
0.066	0.058	0.063
-67	-19	+1
		+23

Power level in dBm

#### > 4 GHz to 8 GHz

0.160	0.170	0.174
0.096	0.089	0.097
0.083	0.072	0.082
-67	-19	+1
		+23

Power level in dBm

0 °C to +50 °C  
 +15 °C to +35 °C  
 +20 °C to +25 °C

#### > 8 GHz to 12.4 GHz

0.168	0.176	0.184
0.106	0.096	0.110
0.094	0.079	0.096
-67	-19	+1
		+23

Power level in dBm

#### > 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz

0.188	0.196	0.210
0.133	0.120	0.142
0.123	0.103	0.128
-67	-19	+1
		+23

Power level in dBm

0 °C to +50 °C  
 +15 °C to +35 °C  
 +20 °C to +25 °C

## R&S® NRP-Z11/-Z21 universal power sensors (continued)

### Uncertainty for relative power measurements <sup>11</sup> in dB

10 MHz to < 20 MHz				20 MHz to < 100 MHz				
+23	0.226	0.229	0.027	+23	0.206	0.215	0.027	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.084	0.080	0.022		0.082	0.078	0.022	+15 °C to +35 °C
+7	0.046	0.044	0.022	+7	0.046	<b>0.044</b>	0.022	+20 °C to +25 °C
+1	0.226	0.027	0.229	+1	0.205	0.027	0.215	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.083	0.022	0.080		0.081	0.022	0.078	+15 °C to +35 °C
-13	0.045	0.022	0.044	-13	<b>0.044</b>	<b>0.022</b>	<b>0.044</b>	+20 °C to +25 °C
-19	0.023	0.226	0.226	-19	0.023	0.205	0.206	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.083	0.084		0.022	0.081	0.082	+15 °C to +35 °C
-67	0.022	0.045	0.046	-67	0.022	<b>0.044</b>	0.046	+20 °C to +25 °C
-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	
	Power level in dBm				Power level in dBm			
100 MHz to 4 GHz				> 4 GHz to 8 GHz				
+23	0.209	0.218	0.038	+23	0.215	0.223	0.049	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.088	0.085	0.032		0.097	0.093	0.044	+15 °C to +35 °C
+7	0.055	0.047	0.031	+7	0.066	0.059	0.043	+20 °C to +25 °C
+1	0.206	0.028	0.218	+1	0.210	0.030	0.223	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.083	0.022	0.085		0.088	0.022	0.093	+15 °C to +35 °C
-13	0.048	0.022	0.047	-13	0.054	0.022	0.059	+20 °C to +25 °C
-19	0.023	0.206	0.209	-19	0.024	0.210	0.215	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.083	0.088		0.022	0.088	0.097	+15 °C to +35 °C
-67	0.022	0.048	0.055	-67	0.022	0.054	0.066	+20 °C to +25 °C
-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	
	Power level in dBm				Power level in dBm			
> 8 GHz to 12.4 GHz				> 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz				
+23	0.224	0.231	0.064	+23	0.244	0.245	0.086	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.111	0.106	0.061		0.135	0.128	0.084	+15 °C to +35 °C
+7	0.084	0.077	0.060	+7	0.110	0.102	0.083	+20 °C to +25 °C
+1	0.216	0.034	0.231	+1	0.230	0.040	0.245	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.096	0.027	0.106		0.112	0.034	0.128	+15 °C to +35 °C
-13	0.063	0.025	0.077	-13	0.079	0.033	0.102	+20 °C to +25 °C
-19	0.024	0.216	0.224	-19	0.024	0.230	0.244	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.096	0.111		0.022	0.112	0.135	+15 °C to +35 °C
-67	0.022	0.063	0.084	-67	0.022	0.079	0.110	+20 °C to +25 °C
-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	
	Power level in dBm				Power level in dBm			

## R&S® NRP-Z31 universal power sensor

<b>Frequency range</b>		10 MHz to 33 GHz	
<b>Impedance matching (SWR)</b>	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz	< 1.13 (1.11)	( ): +15 °C to +35 °C
	> 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz	< 1.20 (1.18)	
	> 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< 1.25 (1.23)	
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	< 1.30 (1.28)	
	> 26.5 GHz to 33.0 GHz	< 1.35 (1.33)	
<b>Power measurement range</b>	Continuous Average	200 pW to 200 mW (–67 dBm to +23 dBm)	
	Burst Average	200 nW to 200 mW (–37 dBm to +23 dBm)	
	Timeslot/Gate Average	600 pW to 200 mW (–62 dBm to +23 dBm) <sup>1</sup>	
	Trace	10 nW to 200 mW (–50 dBm to +23 dBm) <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Max. power</b>	average power	0.4 W (+26 dBm), continuous	
	peak envelope power	1.0 W (+30 dBm) for max. 10 µs	
<b>Measurement subranges</b>	path 1	–67 dBm to –14 dBm	
	path 2	–47 dBm to +6 dBm	
	path 3	–27 dBm to +23 dBm	
<b>Transition regions</b>	with automatic path selection <sup>3</sup>	(–19 ± 1) dBm to (–13 ± 1) dBm (+1 ± 1) dBm to (+7 ± 1) dBm	
<b>Dynamic response</b>	video bandwidth	> 50 kHz (100 kHz)	( ): +15 °C to +35 °C
	single-shot bandwidth	> 50 kHz (100 kHz)	
	rise time 10%/90%	< 8 µs (4 µs)	
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate (continuous)	133.358 kHz (default) or 119.467 kHz <sup>4</sup>	
<b>Triggering</b>	internal		
	threshold level range	–40 dBm to +23 dBm	
	threshold level accuracy	identical to uncertainty for absolute power measurements	
	threshold level hysteresis	0 dB to 10 dB	
	dropout <sup>5</sup>	0 s to 10 s	
	external	see R&S®NRP2 base unit, R&S®NRP-Z3 USB adapter or R&S®NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub	
	slope (external, internal)	pos./neg.	
	delay	–5 ms to +100 s	
	hold-off	0 s to 10 s	
	resolution (delay, hold-off, dropout)	sample period (≈ 8 µs)	
source	internal, external, immediate, bus, hold		
<b>Zero offset</b>	initial, without zeroing		( ): typical at 1 GHz +15 °C to +35 °C  [ ] : 8 GHz to 33 GHz
	path 1	< 470 [500] (100) pW	
	path 2	< 47 [50] (10) nW	
	path 3	< 2.4 [2.5] (0.5) µW	
	after external zeroing <sup>6 7</sup>		
	path 1	< 104 [113] (64) pW	
	path 2	< 10 [11] (6) nW	
path 3	< 0.5 [0.6] (0.3) µW		
<b>Zero drift<sup>8</sup></b>	path 1	< 35 [38] (0) pW	
	path 2	< 3.0 [3.3] (0) nW	
	path 3	< 0.15 [0.18] (0) µW	
<b>Measurement noise<sup>9</sup></b>	path 1	< 65 [71] (40) pW	
	path 2	< 6.3 [6.8] (4.0) nW	
	path 3	< 0.32 [0.37] (0.2) µW	

## R&S® NRP-Z31 universal power sensor (continued)

### Uncertainty for absolute power measurements <sup>10</sup> in dB

#### 10 MHz to < 20 MHz

0.178	0.174	0.188	
0.080	0.081	0.084	
0.051	0.053	0.054	
-67	-19	+1	+23

Power level in dBm

#### 20 MHz to < 100 MHz

0.150	0.158	0.171	
0.077	0.079	0.082	
0.051	0.053	0.053	
-67	-19	+1	+23

Power level in dBm

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

#### 100 MHz to 4 GHz

0.156	0.163	0.175	
0.085	0.087	0.089	
0.061	0.063	0.063	
-67	-19	+1	+23

Power level in dBm

#### > 4 GHz to 8 GHz

0.163	0.169	0.179	
0.088	0.090	0.091	
0.063	0.065	0.065	
-67	-19	+1	+23

Power level in dBm

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

#### > 8 GHz to 12.4 GHz

0.175	0.178	0.186	
0.095	0.097	0.098	
0.070	0.072	0.072	
-67	-19	+1	+23

Power level in dBm

#### > 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz

0.196	0.198	0.202	
0.112	0.114	0.116	
0.089	0.090	0.092	
-67	-19	+1	+23

Power level in dBm

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

#### > 18 GHz to 26.5 GHz

0.217	0.222	0.228	
0.116	0.120	0.129	
0.088	0.090	0.100	
-67	-19	+1	+23

Power level in dBm

#### > 26.5 GHz to 33 GHz

0.247	0.257	0.273	
0.142	0.149	0.167	
0.116	0.119	0.137	
-67	-19	+1	+23

Power level in dBm

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

# R&S® NRP-Z31 universal power sensor (continued)

## Uncertainty for relative power measurements <sup>11</sup> in dB

10 MHz to < 20 MHz				20 MHz to < 100 MHz				
+23	0.245	0.221	0.040	+23	0.217	0.219	0.026	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.099	0.095	0.022		0.093	0.094	0.022	+15 °C to +35 °C
+7	0.044	0.044	0.022	+7	0.044	<b>0.044</b>	0.022	+20 °C to +25 °C
+1	0.227	0.029	0.221	+1	0.204	0.024	0.219	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.093	0.022	0.095		0.090	0.022	0.094	+15 °C to +35 °C
-13	0.044	0.022	0.044	-13	<b>0.044</b>	<b>0.022</b>	<b>0.044</b>	+20 °C to +25 °C
-19	0.030	0.227	0.245	-19	0.022	0.204	0.217	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.093	0.099		0.022	0.090	0.093	+15 °C to +35 °C
-67	0.022	0.044	0.044	-67	0.022	<b>0.044</b>	0.044	+20 °C to +25 °C
-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	
	Power level in dBm				Power level in dBm			
100 MHz to 4 GHz				> 4 GHz to 8 GHz				
+23	0.219	0.225	0.026	+23	0.226	0.232	0.029	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.096	0.098	0.022		0.100	0.102	0.023	+15 °C to +35 °C
+7	0.044	0.045	0.022	+7	0.046	0.048	0.022	+20 °C to +25 °C
+1	0.209	0.026	0.225	+1	0.217	0.028	0.232	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.093	0.022	0.098		0.097	0.022	0.102	+15 °C to +35 °C
-13	0.044	0.022	0.045	-13	0.044	0.022	0.048	+20 °C to +25 °C
-19	0.022	0.209	0.219	-19	0.022	0.217	0.226	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.093	0.096		0.022	0.097	0.100	+15 °C to +35 °C
-67	0.022	0.044	0.044	-67	0.022	0.044	0.046	+20 °C to +25 °C
-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	
	Power level in dBm				Power level in dBm			
> 8 GHz to 12.4 GHz				> 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz				
+23	0.235	0.240	0.032	+23	0.249	0.255	0.039	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.105	0.107	0.027		0.115	0.117	0.034	+15 °C to +35 °C
+7	0.051	0.053	0.026	+7	0.060	0.063	0.033	+20 °C to +25 °C
+1	0.232	0.031	0.240	+1	0.252	0.034	0.255	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.102	0.025	0.107		0.109	0.029	0.117	+15 °C to +35 °C
-13	0.045	0.02	0.053	-13	0.049	0.028	0.063	+20 °C to +25 °C
-19	0.023	0.232	0.235	-19	0.024	0.252	0.249	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.102	0.105		0.022	0.109	0.115	+15 °C to +35 °C
-67	0.022	0.045	0.051	-67	0.022	0.049	0.060	+20 °C to +25 °C
-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	
	Power level in dBm				Power level in dBm			
> 18 GHz to 26.5 GHz				> 26.5 GHz to 33 GHz				
+23	0.287	0.289	0.057	+23	0.327	0.331	0.073	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.139	0.142	0.053		0.169	0.172	0.074	+15 °C to +35 °C
+7	0.086	0.088	0.052	+7	0.116	0.118	0.077	+20 °C to +25 °C
+1	0.285	0.041	0.289	+1	0.312	0.047	0.331	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.121	0.035	0.142		0.132	0.041	0.172	+15 °C to +35 °C
-13	0.057	0.034	0.088	-13	0.066	0.040	0.118	+20 °C to +25 °C
-19	0.026	0.285	0.287	-19	0.028	0.312	0.327	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.121	0.139		0.022	0.132	0.169	+15 °C to +35 °C
-67	0.022	0.057	0.086	-67	0.022	0.066	0.116	+20 °C to +25 °C
-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	
	Power level in dBm				Power level in dBm			

## R&S® NRP-Z211/-Z221 universal power sensors

Specifications from 8 GHz to 18 GHz apply only to the R&S® NRP-Z221.

<b>Frequency range</b>	R&S® NRP-Z211	10 MHz to 8 GHz	
	R&S® NRP-Z221	10 MHz to 18 GHz	
<b>Impedance matching (SWR)</b>	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz	< 1.13 ( <b>1.11</b> )	( ): +15 °C to +35 °C
	> 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz	< 1.20 ( <b>1.18</b> )	
	> 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< 1.25 ( <b>1.23</b> )	
<b>Power measurement range</b>	Continuous Average	1.0 nW to 100 mW (–60 dBm to +20 dBm)	
	Burst Average	1.0 µW to 100 mW (–30 dBm to +20 dBm)	
	Timeslot/Gate Average	3.0 nW to 100 mW (–55 dBm to +20 dBm) <sup>1</sup>	
	Trace	50 nW to 100 mW (–43 dBm to +20 dBm) <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Max. power</b>	average power	0.4 W (+26 dBm), continuous	
	peak envelope power	2.0 W (+33 dBm) for max. 10 µs	
<b>Measurement subranges</b>	path 1	–60 dBm to –5 dBm	
	path 2	–33 dBm to +20 dBm	
<b>Transition regions</b>	with automatic path selection <sup>3</sup>	(–10 ± 1) dBm to (–4 ± 1) dBm	
<b>Dynamic response</b>	video bandwidth	> 40 kHz (50 kHz)	( ): +15 °C to +35 °C
	single-shot bandwidth	> 40 kHz (50 kHz)	
	rise time 10%/90%	< 10 µs (8 µs)	
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate (continuous)	133.358 kHz (default) or 119.467 kHz <sup>4</sup>	
<b>Triggering</b>	internal		
	threshold level range	–33 dBm to +20 dBm	
	threshold level accuracy	identical to uncertainty for absolute power measurements	
	threshold level hysteresis	0 dB to 10 dB	
	dropout <sup>5</sup>	0 s to 10 s	
	external	see R&S® NRP2 base unit, R&S® NRP-Z3 USB adapter or R&S® NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub	
	slope (external, internal)	pos./neg.	
	delay	–5 ms to +100 s	
	hold-off	0 s to 10 s	
	resolution (delay, hold-off, dropout)	sample period (≈ 8 µs)	
	source	internal, external, immediate, bus, hold	
<b>Zero offset</b>	initial, without zeroing		( ): typical at 1 GHz +15 °C to +35 °C
	path 1	< 1.88 [2.0] (0.6) nW	
	path 2	< 0.94 [1.0] (0.3) µW	
	after external zeroing <sup>6,7</sup>		
	path 1	< 370 [390] (290) pW	
	path 2	< 180 [190] (145) nW	[ ]: 8 GHz to 18 GHz
<b>Zero drift<sup>8</sup></b>	path 1	< 140 [150] (0) pW	
	path 2	< 60 [65] (0) nW	
<b>Measurement noise<sup>9</sup></b>	path 1	< 230 [240] (180) pW	
	path 2	< 110 [116] (90) nW	

## R&S® NRP-Z211/-Z221 universal power sensors (continued)

### Uncertainty for absolute power measurements <sup>10</sup> in dB

**10 MHz to < 20 MHz**

0.168	0.176
0.080	0.075
0.063	0.054

-60                      -10                      +20  
Power level in dBm

**20 MHz to < 100 MHz**

0.155	0.158
0.079	0.073
0.063	0.054

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

-60                      -10                      +20  
Power level in dBm

**100 MHz to 4 GHz**

0.160	0.167
0.086	0.090
0.071	0.075

-60                      -10                      +20  
Power level in dBm

**> 4 GHz to 8 GHz**

0.167	0.188
0.098	0.122
0.085	0.110

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

-60                      -10                      +20  
Power level in dBm

**> 8 GHz to 12.4 GHz**

0.173	0.201
0.104	0.139
0.091	0.129

-60                      -10                      +20  
Power level in dBm

**> 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz**

0.189	0.217
0.126	0.154
0.114	0.143

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

-60                      -10                      +20  
Power level in dBm

### Uncertainty for relative power measurements <sup>11</sup> in dB

**10 MHz to < 20 MHz**

+20	0.225	0.030
-4	0.086	0.026
	0.050	0.026
-10	0.023	0.225
	0.022	0.086
-60	0.022	0.050

-60                      -10/-4                      +20  
Power level in dBm

**20 MHz to < 100 MHz**

+20	0.210	0.030
-4	0.085	0.026
	0.050	0.026
-10	0.023	0.210
	0.022	0.085
-60	0.022	0.050

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

-60                      -10/-4                      +20  
Power level in dBm

**100 MHz to 4 GHz**

+20	0.218	0.057
-4	0.099	0.055
	0.071	0.055
-10	0.023	0.218
	0.022	0.099
-60	0.022	0.071

-60                      -10/-4                      +20  
Power level in dBm

**> 4 GHz to 8 GHz**

+20	0.237	0.101
-4	0.132	0.100
	0.112	0.100
-10	0.024	0.237
	0.022	0.132
-60	0.022	0.112

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

-60                      -10/-4                      +20  
Power level in dBm

**> 8 GHz to 12.4 GHz**

+20	0.253	0.124
-4	0.155	0.123
	0.136	0.123
-10	0.024	0.253
	0.022	0.155
-60	0.022	0.136

-60                      -10/-4                      +20  
Power level in dBm

**> 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz**

+20	0.263	0.124
-4	0.162	0.123
	0.142	0.123
-10	0.024	0.263
	0.022	0.162
-60	0.022	0.142

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

-60                      -10/-4                      +20  
Power level in dBm

## R&S® NRP-Z22 universal power sensor

Specifications apply when the power sensor is operated together with the RF power attenuator supplied. Please refer to the specifications of the R&S® NRP-Z21 when operating the power sensor section alone.

<b>Frequency range</b>		10 MHz to 18 GHz	
<b>Impedance matching (SWR)</b>	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz	< <b>1.14</b>	
	> 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz	< <b>1.20</b>	
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	< <b>1.25</b>	
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< <b>1.30</b>	
<b>Power measurement range</b>	Continuous Average	2 nW to 2 W (–57 dBm to +33 dBm)	
	Burst Average	2 µW to 2 W (–27 dBm to +33 dBm)	
	Timeslot/Gate Average	6 nW to 2 W (–52 dBm to +33 dBm) <sup>1</sup>	
	Trace	100 nW to 2 W (–40 dBm to +33 dBm) <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Max. power</b>	average power	3 W (+35 dBm), continuous (see diagram)	
	peak envelope power	10 W (+40 dBm) for max. 10 µs	
<b>Measurement subranges</b>	path 1	–57 dBm to –4 dBm	
	path 2	–37 dBm to +16 dBm	
	path 3	–17 dBm to +33 dBm	
<b>Transition regions</b>	with automatic path selection <sup>3</sup>	(–9 ± 1.5) dBm to (–3 ± 1.5) dBm (+11 ± 1.5) dBm to (+17 ± 1.5) dBm	
<b>Dynamic response</b>	video bandwidth	> 50 kHz (100 kHz)	( ): +15 °C to +35 °C
	single-shot bandwidth	> 50 kHz (100 kHz)	
	rise time 10 %/90 %	< 8 µs (4 µs)	
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate (continuous)	133.358 kHz (default) or 119.467 kHz <sup>4</sup>	
<b>Triggering</b>	internal		
	threshold level range	–30 dBm to +33 dBm	
	threshold level accuracy	identical to uncertainty for absolute power measurements	
	threshold level hysteresis	0 dB to 10 dB	
	dropout <sup>5</sup>	0 s to 10 s	
	external	see R&S® NRP2 base unit, R&S® NRP-Z3 USB adapter or R&S® NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub	
	slope (external, internal)	pos./neg.	
	delay	–5 ms to +100 s	
	hold-off	0 s to 10 s	
	resolution (delay, hold-off, dropout)	sample period	
	source	internal, external, immediate, bus, hold	
<b>Zero offset</b>	initial, without zeroing		( ): typical at 1 GHz +15 °C to +35 °C
	path 1	< 5.9 (1.2) nW	
	path 2	< 590 (120) nW	
	path 3	< 59 (12) µW	
	after external zeroing <sup>6 7</sup>		
	path 1	< 1.3 (0.7) nW	
	path 2	< 120 (60) nW	
path 3	< 12 (6) µW		
<b>Zero drift<sup>8</sup></b>	path 1	< 0.4 (0) nW	
	path 2	< 40 (0) nW	
	path 3	< 4 (0) µW	
<b>Measurement noise<sup>9</sup></b>	path 1	< 0.8 (0.4) nW	
	path 2	< 80 (40) nW	
	path 3	< 8 (4) µW	



## R&S® NRP-Z22 universal power sensor (continued)

### Uncertainty for absolute power measurements<sup>10</sup> in dB

#### 10 MHz to < 100 MHz

0.180	0.237	–	–	
0.180	0.237	0.281	–	
0.180	0.237	0.281	0.316	
0.096	0.124	0.149	0.170	
0.079	0.088	0.104	0.119	
–57	+20	+30	+32	+33

Power level in dBm

#### 100 MHz to < 4 GHz

0.186	0.242	–	–	0 °C to +50 °C
0.186	0.242	0.285	–	0 °C to +40 °C
0.186	0.242	0.285	0.320	0 °C to +35 °C
0.106	0.133	0.157	0.176	+15 °C to +35 °C
0.085	0.098	0.113	0.128	+20 °C to +25 °C
–57	+20	+30	+32	+33

Power level in dBm

#### 4 GHz to < 12.4 GHz

0.203	0.255	–	–	
0.203	0.255	0.296	–	
0.203	0.255	0.296	0.330	
0.133	0.156	0.176	0.194	
0.116	0.125	0.137	0.151	
–57	+20	+30	+32	+33

Power level in dBm

#### 12.4 GHz to < 18 GHz

0.223	0.271	–	–	0 °C to +50 °C
0.223	0.271	0.310	–	0 °C to +40 °C
0.223	0.271	0.310	0.343	0 °C to +35 °C
0.163	0.182	0.199	0.215	+15 °C to +35 °C
0.147	0.155	0.165	0.178	+20 °C to +25 °C
–57	+20	+30	+32	+33

Power level in dBm

### Uncertainty for relative power measurements<sup>11 12</sup> in dB

#### 10 MHz to < 100 MHz

+30	0.286	0.298	0.031	
	0.108	0.109	0.022	
+18	0.052	0.045	0.022	
+10	0.283	0.031	0.298	
	0.108	0.022	0.109	
–2	0.051	0.022	0.045	
–10	0.023	0.283	0.286	
	0.022	0.108	0.108	
–57	0.022	0.051	0.052	
–57	–10/–2	+10/+18	+30	

Power level in dBm

#### 100 MHz to 4 GHz

+30	0.272	0.289	0.041	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.112	0.113	0.032	+15 °C to +35 °C
+18	0.060	0.053	0.031	+20 °C to +25 °C
+10	0.268	0.032	0.289	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.108	0.022	0.113	+15 °C to +35 °C
–2	0.054	0.022	0.053	+20 °C to +25 °C
–10	0.024	0.268	0.272	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.108	0.112	+15 °C to +35 °C
–57	0.022	0.054	0.060	+20 °C to +25 °C
–57	–10/–2	+10/+18	+30	

Power level in dBm

#### > 4 GHz to 12.4 GHz

+30	0.284	0.299	0.066	
	0.131	0.130	0.061	
+18	0.087	0.081	0.060	
+10	0.277	0.037	0.299	
	0.118	0.027	0.130	
–2	0.068	0.025	0.081	
–10	0.024	0.277	0.284	
	0.022	0.118	0.131	
–57	0.022	0.068	0.087	
–57	–10/–2	+10/+18	+30	

Power level in dBm

#### > 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz

+30	0.300	0.310	0.088	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.152	0.148	0.084	+15 °C to +35 °C
+18	0.112	0.106	0.083	+20 °C to +25 °C
+10	0.288	0.043	0.310	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.131	0.035	0.148	+15 °C to +35 °C
–2	0.082	0.033	0.106	+20 °C to +25 °C
–10	0.024	0.288	0.300	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.131	0.152	+15 °C to +35 °C
–57	0.022	0.082	0.112	+20 °C to +25 °C
–57	–10/–2	+10/+18	+30	

Power level in dBm

## R&S® NRP-Z23 universal power sensor

Specifications apply when the power sensor is operated together with the RF power attenuator supplied. Please refer to the specifications of the R&S® NRP-Z21 when operating the power sensor section alone.

<b>Frequency range</b>		10 MHz to 18 GHz	
<b>Impedance matching (SWR)</b>	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz	< <b>1.14</b>	
	> 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz	< <b>1.25</b>	
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	< <b>1.30</b>	
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< <b>1.41</b>	
<b>Power measurement range</b>	Continuous Average	20 nW to 15 W (–47 dBm to +42 dBm)	
	Burst Average	20 µW to 15 W (–17 dBm to +42 dBm)	
	Timeslot/Gate Average	60 nW to 15 W (–42 dBm to +42 dBm) <sup>1</sup>	
	Trace	1 µW to 15 W (–30 dBm to +42 dBm) <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Max. power</b>	average power	18 W (+42.5 dBm), continuous (see diagram)	
	peak envelope power	100 W (+50 dBm) for max. 10 µs	
<b>Measurement subranges</b>	path 1	–47 dBm to +6 dBm	
	path 2	–27 dBm to +26 dBm	
	path 3	–7 dBm to +42 dBm	
<b>Transition regions</b>	with automatic path selection <sup>3</sup>	(+1 ± 1.75) dBm to (+7 ± 1.75) dBm (+21 ± 1.75) dBm to (+27 ± 1.75) dBm	
<b>Dynamic response</b>	video bandwidth	> 50 kHz (100 kHz)	( ): +15 °C to +35 °C
	single-shot bandwidth	> 50 kHz (100 kHz)	
	rise time 10 %/90 %	< 8 µs (4 µs)	
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate (continuous)	133.358 kHz (default) or 119.467 kHz <sup>4</sup>	
<b>Triggering</b>	internal		
	threshold level range	–19 dBm to +42 dBm	
	threshold level accuracy	identical to uncertainty for absolute power measurements	
	threshold level hysteresis	0 dB to 10 dB	
	dropout <sup>5</sup>	0 s to 10 s	
	external	see R&S® NRP2 base unit, R&S® NRP-Z3 USB adapter or R&S® NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub	
	slope (external, internal)	pos./neg.	
	delay	–5 ms to +100 s	
	hold-off	0 s to 10 s	
	resolution (delay, hold-off, dropout)	sample period	
source	internal, external, immediate, bus, hold		
<b>Zero offset</b>	initial, without zeroing		( ): typical at 1 GHz +15 °C to +35 °C
	path 1	< 60 (12) nW	
	path 2	< 6 (1.2) µW	
	path 3	< 600 (120) µW	
	after external zeroing <sup>6 7</sup>		
	path 1	< 13 (7) nW	
	path 2	< 1.3 (0.6) µW	
path 3	< 130 (60) µW		
<b>Zero drift<sup>8</sup></b>	path 1	< 5 (0) nW	
	path 2	< 0.4 (0) µW	
	path 3	< 40 (0) µW	
<b>Measurement noise<sup>9</sup></b>	path 1	< 8 (4) nW	
	path 2	< 0.8 (0.4) µW	
	path 3	< 80 (40) µW	

## R&S® NRP-Z23 universal power sensor (continued)

### Uncertainty for absolute power measurements<sup>10</sup> in dB

#### 10 MHz to < 100 MHz

0.194	0.203	0.227	0.257
0.096	0.106	0.137	0.175
0.078	0.081	0.111	0.149
-47	+30	+36	+40

Power level in dBm

#### 100 MHz to < 4 GHz

0.187	0.197	0.222	0.253	0 °C to +50 °C
0.105	0.115	0.144	0.181	+15 °C to +35 °C
0.087	0.094	0.120	0.156	+20 °C to +25 °C
-47	+30	+36	+40	

Power level in dBm

#### 4 GHz to < 12.4 GHz

0.209	0.217	0.240	0.269
0.133	0.140	0.165	0.198
0.117	0.122	0.144	0.175
-47	+30	+36	+40

Power level in dBm

#### 12.4 GHz to < 18 GHz

0.238	0.245	0.266	0.292	0 °C to +50 °C
0.166	0.172	0.193	0.221	+15 °C to +35 °C
0.151	0.155	0.172	0.199	+20 °C to +25 °C
-47	+30	+36	+40	

Power level in dBm

### Uncertainty for relative power measurements<sup>11 12</sup> in dB

#### 10 MHz to < 100 MHz

+42	0.226	0.229	0.027
+28	0.084	0.080	0.022
+20	0.046	0.044	0.022
+8	0.226	0.027	0.229
+0	0.083	0.022	0.080
-47	0.045	0.022	0.044
	0.023	0.226	0.226
	0.022	0.083	0.084
	0.022	0.045	0.046
	-47	±0/+8	+20/+28

Power level in dBm

#### 100 MHz to 4 GHz

+42	0.209	0.218	0.038	0 °C to +50 °C
+28	0.088	0.085	0.032	+15 °C to +35 °C
+20	0.055	0.047	0.031	+20 °C to +25 °C
+8	0.206	0.028	0.218	0 °C to +50 °C
+0	0.083	0.022	0.085	+15 °C to +35 °C
-47	0.048	0.022	0.047	+20 °C to +25 °C
	0.023	0.206	0.209	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.083	0.088	+15 °C to +35 °C
	0.022	0.048	0.055	+20 °C to +25 °C
	-47	±0/+8	+20/+28	

Power level in dBm

#### > 4 GHz to 12.4 GHz

+42	0.224	0.231	0.064
+28	0.111	0.106	0.061
+20	0.084	0.077	0.060
+8	0.216	0.034	0.231
+0	0.096	0.027	0.106
-47	0.063	0.025	0.077
	0.024	0.216	0.224
	0.022	0.096	0.111
	0.022	0.063	0.084
	-47	±0/+8	+20/+28

Power level in dBm

#### > 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz

+42	0.244	0.245	0.086	0 °C to +50 °C
+28	0.135	0.128	0.084	+15 °C to +35 °C
+20	0.110	0.102	0.083	+20 °C to +25 °C
+8	0.230	0.040	0.245	0 °C to +50 °C
+0	0.112	0.034	0.128	+15 °C to +35 °C
-47	0.079	0.033	0.102	+20 °C to +25 °C
	0.024	0.230	0.244	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.112	0.135	+15 °C to +35 °C
	0.022	0.079	0.110	+20 °C to +25 °C
	-47	±0/+8	+20/+28	

Power level in dBm

## R&S® NRP-Z24 universal power sensor

Specifications apply when the power sensor is operated together with the RF power attenuator supplied. Please refer to the specifications of the R&S® NRP-Z21 when operating the power sensor section alone.

<b>Frequency range</b>		10 MHz to 18 GHz	
<b>Impedance matching (SWR)</b>	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz	< <b>1.14</b>	
	> 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz	< <b>1.25</b>	
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	< <b>1.30</b>	
	> 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz	< <b>1.41</b>	
<b>Power measurement range</b>	Continuous Average	60 nW to 30 W (–42 dBm to +45 dBm)	
	Burst Average	60 µW to 30 W (–12 dBm to +45 dBm)	
	Timeslot/Gate Average	0.2 µW to 30 W (–37 dBm to +45 dBm) <sup>1</sup>	
	Trace	3 µW to 30 W (–25 dBm to +45 dBm) <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Max. power</b>	average power	36 W (+45.5 dBm), continuous (see diagram)	
	peak envelope power	300 W (+55 dBm) for max. 10 µs	
<b>Measurement subranges</b>	path 1	–42 dBm to +11 dBm	
	path 2	–22 dBm to +31 dBm	
	path 3	–2 dBm to +45 dBm	
<b>Transition regions</b>	with automatic path selection <sup>3</sup>	(+6 ± 2) dBm to (+12 ± 2) dBm (+26 ± 2) dBm to (+32 ± 2) dBm	
<b>Dynamic response</b>	video bandwidth	> 50 kHz (100 kHz)	( ): +15 °C to +35 °C
	single-shot bandwidth	> 50 kHz (100 kHz)	
	rise time 10%/90%	< 8 µs (4 µs)	
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate (continuous)	133.358 kHz (default) or 119.467 kHz <sup>4</sup>	
<b>Triggering</b>	internal		
	threshold level range	–14 dBm to +45 dBm	
	threshold level accuracy	identical to uncertainty for absolute power measurements	
	threshold level hysteresis	0 dB to 10 dB	
	dropout <sup>5</sup>	0 s to 10 s	
	external	see R&S® NRP2 base unit, R&S® NRP-Z3 USB adapter or R&S® NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub	
	slope (external, internal)	pos./neg.	
	delay	–5 ms to +100 s	
	hold-off	0 s to 10 s	
	resolution (delay, hold-off, dropout)	sample period	
	source	internal, external, immediate, bus, hold	
<b>Zero offset</b>	initial, without zeroing		( ): typical at 1 GHz +15 °C to +35 °C
	path 1	< 200 (40) nW	
	path 2	< 20 (4) µW	
	path 3	< 2 (0.4) mW	
	after external zeroing <sup>6 7</sup>		
	path 1	< 44 (20) nW	
	path 2	< 4.2 (2) µW	
path 3	< 0.42 (0.2) mW		
<b>Zero drift<sup>8</sup></b>	path 1	< 15 (0) nW	
	path 2	< 1.3 (0) µW	
	path 3	< 130 (0) µW	
<b>Measurement noise<sup>9</sup></b>	path 1	< 27 (13) nW	
	path 2	< 2.6 (1.2) µW	
	path 3	< 0.26 (0.12) mW	

## R&S® NRP-Z24 universal power sensor (continued)

### Uncertainty for absolute power measurements<sup>10</sup> in dB

#### 10 MHz to < 100 MHz

0.199	0.218	0.249	0.291
0.098	0.120	0.158	0.208
0.078	0.091	0.128	0.178
-42	+33	+40	+43
Power level in dBm			

#### 100 MHz to < 4 GHz

0.193	0.212	0.244	0.287	0 °C to +50 °C
0.108	0.128	0.164	0.213	+15 °C to +35 °C
0.088	0.102	0.136	0.184	+20 °C to +25 °C
-42	+33	+40	+43	
Power level in dBm				

#### 4 GHz to < 12.4 GHz

0.214	0.231	0.260	0.301
0.135	0.151	0.183	0.228
0.118	0.129	0.157	0.201
-42	+33	+40	+43
Power level in dBm			

#### 12.4 GHz to < 18 GHz

0.242	0.258	0.284	0.322	0 °C to +50 °C
0.167	0.181	0.208	0.248	+15 °C to +35 °C
0.151	0.160	0.183	0.222	+20 °C to +25 °C
-42	+33	+40	+43	
Power level in dBm				

### Uncertainty for relative power measurements<sup>11 12</sup> in dB

#### 10 MHz to < 100 MHz

+45	0.226	0.229	0.027
	0.084	0.080	0.022
+33	0.046	0.044	0.022
+25	0.226	0.027	0.229
	0.083	0.022	0.080
+13	0.045	0.022	0.044
+5	0.023	0.226	0.226
	0.022	0.083	0.084
-42	0.022	0.045	0.046
-42	+5/+13	+25/+33	+45
Power level in dBm			

#### 100 MHz to 4 GHz

+45	0.209	0.218	0.038	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.088	0.085	0.032	+15 °C to +35 °C
+33	0.055	0.047	0.031	+20 °C to +25 °C
+25	0.206	0.028	0.218	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.083	0.022	0.085	+15 °C to +35 °C
+13	0.048	0.022	0.047	+20 °C to +25 °C
+5	0.023	0.206	0.209	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.083	0.088	+15 °C to +35 °C
-42	0.022	0.048	0.055	+20 °C to +25 °C
-42	+5/+13	+25/+33	+45	
Power level in dBm				

#### > 4 GHz to 12.4 GHz

+45	0.224	0.231	0.064
	0.111	0.106	0.061
+33	0.084	0.077	0.060
+25	0.216	0.034	0.231
	0.096	0.027	0.106
+13	0.063	0.025	0.077
+5	0.024	0.216	0.224
	0.022	0.096	0.111
-42	0.022	0.063	0.084
-42	+5/+13	+25/+33	+45
Power level in dBm			

#### > 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz

+45	0.244	0.245	0.086	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.135	0.128	0.084	+15 °C to +35 °C
+33	0.110	0.102	0.083	+20 °C to +25 °C
+25	0.230	0.040	0.245	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.112	0.034	0.128	+15 °C to +35 °C
+13	0.079	0.033	0.102	+20 °C to +25 °C
+5	0.024	0.230	0.244	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.112	0.135	+15 °C to +35 °C
-42	0.022	0.079	0.110	+20 °C to +25 °C
-42	+5/+13	+25/+33	+45	
Power level in dBm				

## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31/-Z211/-Z221/-Z22/-Z23/-Z24 universal power sensors

<b>Sensor type</b>	R&S® NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31	three-path diode power sensor
	R&S® NRP-Z211/-Z221	two-path diode power sensor
	R&S® NRP-Z22/-Z23/-Z24	three-path diode power sensor with preceding RF power attenuator
<b>Measurand</b>		power of incident wave
		power of source (DUT) into 50 Ω <sup>13</sup>
<b>RF connector</b>	R&S® NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z211/-Z221/-Z22/-Z23/-Z24	N (male)
	R&S® NRP-Z31	3.5 mm (male)
<b>RF attenuation</b> <sup>14</sup>	R&S® NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z211/-Z221/-Z31	not applicable
	R&S® NRP-Z22	10 dB
	R&S® NRP-Z23	20 dB
	R&S® NRP-Z24	25 dB
<b>Measurement functions</b>	stationary and recurring waveforms	Continuous Average Burst Average Timeslot/Gate Average Trace
	single events	Trace
<b>Continuous Average function</b>	measurand	mean power over recurring acquisition interval
	aperture	10 µs to 300 ms (20 ms default)
	window function	uniform or von Hann <sup>15</sup>
	duty cycle correction <sup>16</sup>	0.001 % to 99.999 %
	capacity of measurement buffer <sup>17</sup>	1 to 1024 results
<b>Burst Average function</b>	measurand	mean power over burst portion of recurring signal (trigger settings required)
	detectable burst width	
	R&S® NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31 /-Z22/-Z23/-Z24	20 µs to 50 ms
	R&S® NRP-Z211/-Z221	25 µs to 50 ms
	minimum gap between bursts	10 µs
	dropout period <sup>18</sup> for burst end detection	0 to 3 ms
	exclusion periods <sup>19</sup>	
	start	0 to burst width
	end	0 s to 3 ms
	resolution (dropout and exclusion periods)	sample period (≈ 8 µs)
<b>Timeslot/Gate Average function</b>	measurand	mean power over individual timeslots/gates of recurring signal
	number of timeslots/gates	1 to 128 (consecutive)
	nominal length	10 µs to 0.1 s
	start of first timeslot/gate	at delayed trigger event
	exclusion periods <sup>19</sup>	
	start	0 to nominal length
	end	0 s to 3 ms
	resolution (nominal length and exclusion periods)	sample period (≈ 8 µs)
<b>Trace function</b>	measurand	mean power over pixel length
	acquisition	
	length (Δ)	100 µs to 300 ms
	start (referenced to delayed trigger)	-5 ms to +100 s
	result	
	pixels (M)	1 to 1024
	resolution (Δ/M)	
non-recurring or internally triggered	≥ 10 µs	
recurring and externally triggered	≥ 2.5 µs	

## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31/-Z211/-Z221/-Z22/-Z23/-Z24 universal power sensors (continued)

<b>Averaging filter</b>	modes	AUTO OFF (fixed averaging number) AUTO ON (continuously auto-adapted) AUTO ONCE (automatically fixed once)
	AUTO OFF	
	supported measurement functions	all
	averaging number	$2^N$ ; $N = 0$ to 16 (13 for Trace function)
	AUTO ON/ONCE	
	supported measurement functions	Continuous Average, Burst Average, Timeslot/Gate Average
	Normal operating mode	averaging number adapted to resolution setting and power to be measured
	Fixed Noise operating mode	averaging number adapted to specified noise content
	result output	
	Moving mode rate	continuous, independent of averaging number can be limited to $0.1 \text{ s}^{-1}$
Repeat mode	only final result	
<b>Attenuation correction</b>	function	corrects the measurement result by means of a fixed factor (dB offset)
	range	-200.000 dB to +200.000 dB
<b>Embedding</b> <sup>20</sup>	function	incorporates a two-port device at the sensor input so that the measurement plane is shifted to the input of this device
	parameters	$S_{11}$ , $S_{21}$ , $S_{12}$ and $S_{22}$ of device
	frequencies	1 to 1000
<b>Gamma correction</b>	function	removes the influence of impedance mismatch from the measurement result so that the power of the source (DUT) into $50 \Omega$ can be read
	parameters	magnitude and phase of reflection coefficient of source (DUT)
<b>Frequency response correction</b>	function	takes the frequency response of the sensor section and of the RF power attenuator into account (if applicable)
	parameter	center frequency of test signal
	residual uncertainty	see specification of calibration uncertainty and uncertainty for absolute and relative power measurements
<b>Measurement times</b> <sup>21</sup>	Continuous Average	$2 \times (\text{aperture} + 105 \mu\text{s}) \times 2^N + t_z$
	buffered <sup>17</sup> , without averaging	$2 \times (\text{aperture} + 250 \mu\text{s}) \times \text{buffer size} + t_z$
	Timeslot/Gate Average	
	signal period – $T \times w > 100 \mu\text{s}$	$\leq 2 \times \text{signal period} \times (2^N + \frac{1}{2}) + t_z$
	all other cases	$\leq 4 \times \text{signal period} \times (2^N + \frac{1}{4}) + t_z$ $t_z : < 1.6 \text{ ms}$ (0.9 ms, typical)
<b>Zeroing (duration)</b>	depends on setting of averaging filter	
	AUTO ON	4 s
	AUTO OFF, integration time <sup>22</sup>	
	< 4 s	4 s
	4 s to 16 s	integration time
	> 16 s	16 s

## Additional characteristics of the R&S®NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31/-Z211/-Z221/-Z22/-Z23/-Z24 universal power sensors (continued)

Measurement error due to harmonics <sup>23</sup>	R&S®NRP-Z11/-Z2x: all paths R&S®NRP-Z31: paths 1 and 2 R&S®NRP-Z211/-Z221: all paths	<i>n</i> = 2	<i>n</i> = 3	<i>n</i> : multiple of carrier frequency
	-30 dBc	< 0.001 dB	< 0.003 dB	
	-20 dBc	< 0.002 dB	< 0.010 dB	
	-10 dBc	< 0.010 dB	< 0.040 dB	
	R&S®NRP-Z31: path 3	<i>n</i> = 2	<i>n</i> = 3	
	-40 dBc	< 0.001 dB	< 0.010 dB	
	-30 dBc	< 0.002 dB	< 0.040 dB	
Measurement error due to modulation <sup>24</sup>	general	depends on CCDF and RF bandwidth of test signal		
	WCDMA (3GPP test model 1-64)			
	worst case	-0.02 dB to +0.07 dB		
	typical	-0.01 dB to +0.03 dB		
Change of input reflection coefficient with respect to power <sup>25</sup>	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz	< 0.02 (0.01)	( ): +15 °C to +35 °C	
	> 2.4 GHz	< 0.03 (0.02)		
Calibration uncertainty <sup>26</sup>	R&S®NRP-Z11/-Z21	path 1	path 2	path 3
	10 MHz to < 100 MHz	0.056 dB	0.047 dB	0.048 dB
	100 MHz to 4.0 GHz	0.066 dB	0.057 dB	0.057 dB
	> 4.0 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.083 dB	0.071 dB	0.072 dB
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	0.094 dB	0.076 dB	0.076 dB
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.123 dB	0.099 dB	0.099 dB
	R&S®NRP-Z31	path 1	path 2	path 3
	10 MHz to < 100 MHz	0.051 dB	0.053 dB	0.053 dB
	100 MHz to 4.0 GHz	0.061 dB	0.062 dB	0.062 dB
	> 4.0 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.063 dB	0.063 dB	0.063 dB
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	0.070 dB	0.069 dB	0.069 dB
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.088 dB	0.087 dB	0.087 dB
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	0.088 dB	0.085 dB	0.087 dB
	> 26.5 GHz to 33.0 GHz	0.116 dB	0.113 dB	0.117 dB
	R&S®NRP-Z211/-Z221	path 1	path 2	
	10 MHz to < 100 MHz	0.052 dB	0.053 dB	
	100 MHz to 4.0 GHz	0.061 dB	0.062 dB	
	> 4.0 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.075 dB	0.076 dB	
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	0.080 dB	0.080 dB	
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.101 dB	0.102 dB	
R&S®NRP-Z22/-Z23/-Z24 <sup>27</sup>	path 1	path 2	path 3	
10 MHz to < 100 MHz	0.078 dB	0.072 dB	0.073 dB	
100 MHz to 4.0 GHz	0.084 dB	0.077 dB	0.077 dB	
> 4.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	0.110 dB	0.095 dB	0.095 dB	
> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.139 dB	0.118 dB	0.118 dB	

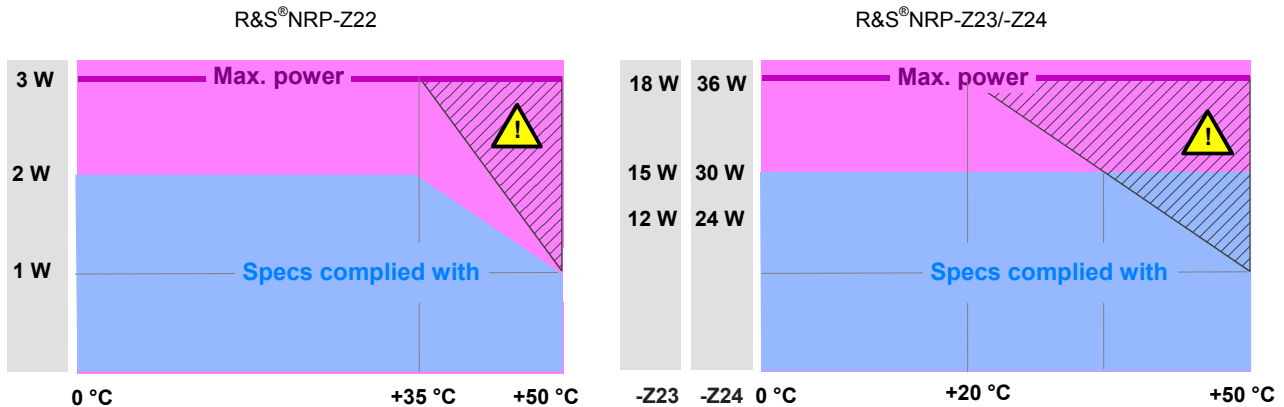


## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31/-Z211/-Z221/-Z22/-Z23/-Z24 universal power sensors (continued)

Interface to host	power supply	+5 V/0.2 A (USB high-power device)
	remote control	as a USB device (function) in full-speed mode, compatible with USB 1.0/1.1/2.0 specifications
	trigger input	differential (0 V/+3.3 V)
	connector type	ODU Mini-Snap® L series, six-pole cylindrical straight plug
	permissible total cable length	≤ 10 m (see also tables on page 55)
Dimensions (W × H × L)	R&S® NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31/-Z211/-Z221	48 mm × 31 mm × 170 mm (1.89 in × 1.22 in × 6.69 in)
	R&S® NRP-Z22	48 mm × 31 mm × 214 mm (1.89 in × 1.22 in × 8.42 in)
	R&S® NRP-Z23	60 mm × 54 mm × 285 mm (2.36 in × 2.13 in × 11.22 in)
	R&S® NRP-Z24	60 mm × 54 mm × 344 mm (2.36 in × 2.13 in × 13.54 in)
	length including connecting cable model .02 model .04 (R&S® NRP-Z11 only)	approx. 1.6 m (62.99 in) approx. 0.6 m (23.62 in)
Weight	R&S® NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31/-Z211/-Z221	< 0.30 kg (0.66 lb)
	R&S® NRP-Z22	< 0.37 kg (0.82 lb)
	R&S® NRP-Z23	< 0.48 kg (1.06 lb)
	R&S® NRP-Z24	< 0.63 kg (1.39 lb)

### Power rating of the R&S® NRP-Z22/-Z23/-Z24

Hatched area: The maximum surface temperatures permitted by IEC 1010-1 are exceeded. Provide protection against inadvertent contacting or apply only a short-term load to the power sensor.



# Wideband power sensors in R&S® Smart Sensor Technology™

## R&S® NRP-Z81/-Z85/-Z86 wideband power sensors

Specifications from 18 GHz to 40 GHz apply only to the R&S® NRP-Z85.

<b>Frequency range</b>	R&S® NRP-Z81	50 MHz to 18 GHz	
	R&S® NRP-Z85	50 MHz to 40 GHz	
	R&S® NRP-Z86	50 MHz to 40 GHz	
<b>Impedance matching (SWR)</b>	50 MHz to 2.4 GHz	< <b>1.16 (1.11)</b>	( ): +15 °C to +35 °C
	> 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz	< <b>1.20 (1.18)</b>	
	> 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< <b>1.25 (1.23)</b>	
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	< <b>1.30 (1.28)</b>	
	> 26.5 GHz to 40.0 GHz	< <b>1.35 (1.33)</b>	
<b>Power measurement range</b>	Continuous Average	1 nW to 100 mW (–60 dBm to +20 dBm)	
	Burst		
	full video bandwidth	20 µW to 100 mW (–17 dBm to +20 dBm)	
	300 kHz	4 µW to 100 mW (–24 dBm to +20 dBm)	
	Trace, Timeslot/Gate	20 nW to 100 mW (–47 dBm to +20 dBm)	
	Statistics	4 µW <sup>28</sup> to 100 mW (–24 dBm to +20 dBm)	
<b>Max. power</b>	average power	0.2 W (+23 dBm), continuous	
	peak envelope power	1.0 W (+30 dBm) for max. 1 µs	
<b>Dynamic response</b>	video bandwidth	≥ 30 MHz <sup>29</sup>	
	single-shot bandwidth	≥ 30 MHz <sup>29</sup>	
	video bandwidth setting	full (≥ 30 MHz), 5 MHz, 1.5 MHz, 300 kHz	
	rise time 10 %/90 %		
	full video bandwidth	≤ <b>13 ns</b> <sup>29</sup> (f ≥ 500 MHz) < <b>40 ns</b> <sup>29</sup> (f < 500 MHz)	
	5 MHz	< 75 ns	
	1.5 MHz	< 250 ns	
	300 kHz	< 1.2 µs	
	detectable burst width	≥ 50 ns <sup>29</sup> (f ≥ 500 MHz, full video bandwidth)	
	overshoot	≤ 5 %	
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate [period]		
	full video bandwidth	80 × 10 <sup>6</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> [12.5 ns]	
	5 MHz	40 × 10 <sup>6</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> [25.0 ns]	
	1.5 MHz	10 × 10 <sup>6</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> [100 ns]	
	300 kHz	2.5 × 10 <sup>6</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> [400 ns]	
	capture length	50 ns to 1 s (depending on meas. function)	
	time base accuracy	±50 ppm	
	time base jitter	< 1 ns	
<b>Triggering</b>	internal		
	threshold level range	–30 dBm to +20 dBm (usable from –22 dBm with full video bandwidth)	
	threshold level accuracy	identical to uncertainty for absolute power measurements	
	threshold level hysteresis	0 dB to 10 dB	
	dropout <sup>5</sup>	0 s to 10 s	
	external	see R&S® NRP2 base unit, R&S® NRP-Z3 USB adapter or R&S® NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub	
	slope (external, internal)	pos./neg.	
	delay	–51.2 µs to +10 s	
	hold-off	0 s to 10 s	
	resolution (delay, hold-off, dropout)	sample period	
source	internal, external, immediate, bus, hold		

## R&S® NRP-Z81/-Z85/-Z86 wideband power sensors (continued)

<b>Zero offset</b> After external zeroing <sup>30</sup>		R&S®NRP-Z81	R&S®NRP-Z85/-Z86
	Continuous Average		
	10 µs aperture time	< 400 (220) pW	< 460 (235) pW
	other durations	< 10.0 (2.0) nW	< 11.4 (2.2) nW
	Burst/Timeslot/Gate Average, Trace (pixel mean)		
	with averaging	< 10.0 (2.0) nW	< 11.4 (2.2) nW
	without averaging	< 200 (100) nW	< 230 (110) nW
( ): typical at 1 GHz	Statistics	< 200 (100) nW	< 230 (110) nW
<b>Zero drift</b> <sup>8 30</sup>		R&S®NRP-Z81	R&S®NRP-Z85/-Z86
	Continuous Average		
	10 µs aperture time	< 200 pW	< 230 pW
	other durations	< 500 pW	< 570 pW
	Burst/Timeslot/Gate Average, Trace (pixel mean)		
	with averaging	< 2.0 nW	< 2.3 nW
	without averaging	< 150 nW	< 170 nW
<b>Measurement noise</b> <sup>30 31</sup>		R&S®NRP-Z81	R&S®NRP-Z85/-Z86
	Continuous Average <sup>32</sup>	< 200 (110) pW	< 230 (120) pW
	Trace/Statistics (noise per sample)		
	full video bandwidth	< <b>3.0</b> (2.0) µW	< <b>3.5</b> (2.2) µW
	5 MHz	< 1.5 (1.0) µW	< 1.7 (1.1) µW
	1.5 MHz	< 0.9 (0.6) µW	< 1.0 (0.7) µW
	300 kHz	< 0.6 (0.4) µW	< 0.7 (0.5) µW
( ): typical at 1 GHz	Burst/Timeslot/Gate Average Trace (pixel mean)	Multiply the noise-per-sample specification for full video bandwidth with noise reduction factors from tables B and C. For gate (pixel) lengths ≥ 2 µs, a noise value of 5 nW or better can be achieved with adequate averaging.	
<b>Uncertainty for absolute power measurements</b> <sup>33</sup> 0 °C to +50 °C		R&S®NRP-Z81	R&S®NRP-Z85/-Z86
	50 MHz to < 100 MHz	0.15 dB (3.5 %)	0.15 dB (3.5 %)
	100 MHz to 8.0 GHz	0.13 dB (3.0 %)	0.13 dB (3.0 %)
	> 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.15 dB (3.5 %)	0.15 dB (3.5 %)
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	–	0.15 dB (3.5 %)
	> 26.5 GHz to 35.0 GHz	–	0.18 dB (4.2 %)
	> 35.0 GHz to 40.0 GHz and at power levels < 19 dBm	–	0.18 dB (4.2 %)

**Table A Multipliers for zero offset, zero drift and noise specifications**

Use these multipliers to calculate zero offset, zero drift and noise when operating the sensor at power levels above –20 dBm, at frequencies below 500 MHz, or at temperatures other than +23 °C.

Power	≤ –20 dBm	–10 dBm	–5 dBm	0 dBm	5 dBm	10 dBm	15 dBm	20 dBm
Temperature								
0 °C	<b>0.8</b> [0.9]	<b>0.9</b> [1.0]	<b>1.4</b> [1.5]	<b>3.2</b> [3.5]	<b>7.5</b> [8.5]	<b>17</b> [18]	<b>35</b> [37]	<b>65</b> [70]
+15 °C	<b>0.9</b> [1.0]	<b>1.1</b> [1.2]	<b>1.6</b> [1.8]	<b>3.4</b> [3.6]	<b>7.5</b> [8.5]			
+23 °C	<b>1.0</b> [1.2]	<b>1.3</b> [1.5]	<b>1.8</b> [2.0]	<b>3.5</b> [3.8]	<b>7.6</b> [8.7]			
+35 °C	<b>1.4</b> [1.7]	<b>1.7</b> [2.1]	<b>2.3</b> [2.6]	<b>3.9</b> [4.3]	<b>7.8</b> [9.0]			
+50 °C	<b>2.5</b> [3.0]	<b>2.7</b> [3.3]	<b>3.3</b> [4.0]	<b>5.2</b> [5.4]	<b>8.7</b> [9.5]			

[ ] At frequencies < 500 MHz.

## R&S® NRP-Z81/-Z85/-Z86 wideband power sensors (continued)

**Table B Noise reduction factors for gating and smoothing**

The noise reduction factors in this table describe how measurement noise is reduced if the mean value of adjacent samples is taken over a time interval. The time interval can be the length of a gate, timeslot, or pixel in trace mode. Without averaging or for single events, use the leftmost column. If averaging is activated, use the columns for the individual repetition rates and additionally apply multipliers from table C. The repetition rate is identical to the frequency of the measurement being carried out, i.e. the inverse of the trigger period.

Repetition rate \ Gate (pixel) length	0	10 s <sup>-1</sup>	100 s <sup>-1</sup>	10 <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>	10 <sup>4</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>	5×10 <sup>4</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
25 ns	<b>0.7</b>						
50 ns	<b>0.5</b>						
100 ns	<b>0.4</b>						
200 ns	<b>0.3</b>						
500 ns	<b>0.2</b>						
1 μs	<b>0.16</b>	<b>0.15</b>		<b>0.14</b>			
2 μs	<b>0.14</b>	<b>0.13</b>	<b>0.12</b>	<b>0.11</b>		<b>0.10</b>	
10 μs	<b>0.11</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>0.07</b>	<b>0.06</b>	
100 μs	<b>0.10</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.07</b>	<b>0.06</b>	<b>0.04</b>		
1 ms	<b>0.10</b>	<b>0.07</b>	<b>0.06</b>	<b>0.035</b>			
10 ms	<b>0.10</b>	<b>0.06</b>	<b>0.035</b>				

**Table C Noise reduction factors for averaging**

Averaging number	2	4	8	16	32	64	128	256	512	1k	2k	4k	8k
Reduction factor	<b>0.7</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.35</b>	<b>0.25</b>	<b>0.18</b>	<b>0.13</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.063</b>	<b>0.044</b>	<b>0.031</b>	<b>0.022</b>	<b>0.016</b>	<b>0.011</b>

Example: A power measurement on a radar pulse is carried out by means of the Timeslot/Gate function. The gate length is set to 1 μs, and the averaging number to 32. The pulse repetition rate is 100 Hz, and the measurement is performed at +15 °C ambient temperature. The pulse power is about –10 dBm.

From the specifications, a 2σ noise-per-sample value of 2 μW (typical) can be derived for reference conditions. Applying a multiplier of 1.1 from table A for +15 °C ambient temperature and –10 dBm pulse power results in 2.2 μW sampling noise under measurement conditions. Gating reduces noise by a factor of 0.15 (table B), and averaging further reduces noise by a factor of 0.18 (table C). The residual 2σ noise of mean power within the gate can then be calculated as follows: 2.2 μW × 0.15 × 0.18 = 59 nW (0.06 % of measured value).

## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z81/-Z85/-Z86 wideband power sensors

<b>Sensor type</b>		wideband diode power sensor
<b>Measurand</b>		power of incident wave power of source (DUT) into 50 $\Omega$ <sup>13</sup>
<b>RF connector</b>	R&S® NRP-Z81	N (male)
	R&S® NRP-Z85	2.92 mm (male)
	R&S® NRP-Z86	2.40 mm (male)
<b>Measurement functions</b>	stationary and recurring waveforms	Continuous Average Burst Timeslot/Gate Trace, Statistics
	single events	Trace, Statistics
<b>Continuous Average function</b>	measurand	mean power over recurring acquisition interval
	aperture	1 $\mu$ s to 1 s (10 $\mu$ s default)
	window function	uniform or von Hann <sup>15</sup>
	duty cycle correction <sup>16</sup>	0.001 % to 99.999 %
	capacity of measurement buffer <sup>17</sup>	1 to 8192 results
<b>Burst Average function</b>	measurand	mean power over burst portion of recurring signal (trigger settings required)
	detectable burst width	50 ns to 0.1 s
	minimum gap between bursts	40 ns
	dropout period <sup>18</sup> for burst end detection	0 s to 0.1 s
	exclusion periods <sup>19</sup>	
	start	0 to burst width
	end	0 s to 51.2 $\mu$ s
	resolution (dropout and exclusion periods)	sample period
	<b>Timeslot/Gate function</b>	measurand
number of timeslots/gates		1 to 16 (consecutive)
nominal length		50 ns to 0.1 s
start of first timeslot/gate		at delayed trigger event
exclusion periods <sup>19</sup>		
start		0 to nominal length
fence		0 s to 0.1 s (anywhere within timeslot)
end		0 s to 51.2 $\mu$ s
resolution (nominal length and exclusion periods)		12.5 ns
<b>Trace function</b>		measurand
	acquisition	
	length ( $\Delta$ )	50 ns to 1 s
	start (referenced to delayed trigger)	-4096 $\times$ $\Delta/M$ to +10 s
	result	
	pixels ( $M$ )	3 to 8192
	resolution ( $\Delta/M$ )	
	normal	$\geq$ sample period
	equivalent time	$\geq$ 100 ps
	<b>Statistics functions</b>	measurand
acquisition		
mode		recurring or triggered
length (aperture)		10 $\mu$ s to 0.3 s
start (referenced to delayed trigger)		0 s to +10 s
exclusion period (fence)		0 s to 0.3 s (anywhere within aperture)
number of accumulated records		2 <sup><i>N</i></sup> ; <i>N</i> = 0 to 16 (set by averaging number)
result		
number of histogram classes ( <i>C</i> )		3 to 8192
power span ( <i>S</i> )		0.01 dB to 100 dB
minimum class width ( <i>S/C</i> )	0.006 dB	

## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z81/-Z85/-Z86 wideband power sensors (continued)

<b>Averaging filter</b>	modes	AUTO OFF (fixed averaging number)
		AUTO ON (continuously auto-adapted)
		AUTO ONCE (automatically fixed once)
	AUTO OFF	
	supported measurement functions	all
	averaging number	$2^N$ ; $N = 0$ to 20 (16 for Trace/Statistics)
	AUTO ON/ONCE	
	supported measurement functions	Continuous Average, Burst Average, Timeslot/Gate Average
	Normal operating mode	averaging number adapted to resolution setting and power to be measured
	Fixed Noise operating mode	averaging number adapted to specified noise content
result output		
Moving mode	continuous, independent of averaging number	
rate	can be limited to $0.1 \text{ s}^{-1}$	
Repeat mode	only final result	
<b>Attenuation correction</b>	function	corrects the measurement result by means of a fixed factor (dB offset)
	range	-200.000 dB to +200.000 dB
<b>Embedding</b>	function	incorporates a two-port device at the sensor input so that the measurement plane is shifted to the input of this device
	parameters	$S_{11}$ , $S_{21}$ , $S_{12}$ and $S_{22}$ of device
	number of devices	user-definable
	frequencies (sum of all devices)	$\leq 32000$
<b>Gamma correction</b>	function	removes the influence of impedance mismatch from the measurement result so that the power of the source (DUT) into $50 \Omega$ can be read
	parameters	magnitude and phase of reflection coefficient of source (DUT)
<b>Frequency response correction</b>	function	takes the frequency response of the power sensor into account
	parameter	center frequency of test signal
	residual uncertainty	see specification of calibration uncertainty and uncertainty for absolute power measurements
<b>Measurement times</b> <sup>21</sup>	Continuous Average	$2 \times (\text{aperture} + 6.5 \mu\text{s}) \times 2^N + t_z$
	buffered <sup>17</sup> , without averaging	$2 \times (\text{aperture} + 50 \mu\text{s}) \times \text{buffer size} + t_z$ $t_z$ : 1.6 ms (typical)
	Timeslot/Gate Average	
	signal period – $T \times w > 6 \mu\text{s}$	$\leq 2 \times \text{signal period} \times (2^N + 1/2) + t_t$
	all other cases	$\leq 4 \times \text{signal period} \times (2^N + 1/4) + t_t$ $t_t$ : 3 ms (typical)
<b>Zeroing (duration)</b>	including all functions, entire frequency range	8 s
	restricted to < 500 MHz, all functions	4 s
	restricted to $\geq 500$ MHz, all functions	4 s
	restricted to Trace and Statistics function, entire frequency range	20 ms
<b>Measurement error due to harmonics</b> <sup>34</sup>	$n = 3$	$\leq 4$ GHz    4 GHz to 12.4 GHz $> 12.4$ GHz
	-60 dBc	< 0.004 dB    < 0.003 dB    < 0.003 dB
	-40 dBc	< 0.035 dB    < 0.030 dB    < 0.025 dB
	-20 dBc	< 0.350 dB    < 0.300 dB    < 0.250 dB
	$n = 2$	$\leq 4$ GHz    4 GHz to 8 GHz $> 8$ GHz
	-60 dBc	< 0.001 dB    < 0.002 dB    < 0.003 dB
	-40 dBc	< 0.010 dB    < 0.017 dB    < 0.025 dB
	-20 dBc	< 0.100 dB    < 0.170 dB    < 0.250 dB
<b>Change of input reflection coefficient with respect to power</b>	-10 dBm to -60 dBm	< 0.035 (0.010)
	-10 dBm to 0 dBm	< 0.035 (0.025)
	-10 dBm to +10 dBm	< 0.075 (0.055)
	-10 dBm to +20 dBm	< 0.090 (0.080)
		( ): +15 °C to +35 °C and $f \leq 4$ GHz

## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z81/-Z85/-Z86 wideband power sensors (continued)

<b>Calibration uncertainty</b> <sup>35</sup>		R&S®NRP-Z81	R&S®NRP-Z85/-Z86
	50 MHz to < 100 MHz	0.075 dB (1.8 %)	0.075 dB (1.8 %)
	≥ 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz	0.055 dB (1.3 %)	0.055 dB (1.3 %)
	> 2.4 GHz to 4.0 GHz	0.065 dB (1.5 %)	0.065 dB (1.5 %)
	> 4.0 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.075 dB (1.8 %)	0.075 dB (1.8 %)
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.5 GHz	0.090 dB (2.1 %)	0.090 dB (2.1 %)
	> 12.5 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.110 dB (2.6 %)	0.110 dB (2.6 %)
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	–	0.110 dB (2.6 %)
	> 26.5 GHz to 40.0 GHz	–	0.140 dB (3.3 %)
<b>Interface to host</b>	power supply	+5 V/0.5 A (USB high-power device)	
	remote control	as a USB device (function) in full-speed mode, compatible with USB 1.0/1.1/2.0 specifications	
	trigger input	differential (0 V/+3.3 V)	
	connector type	ODU Mini-Snap® L series, six-pole cylindrical straight plug	
	permissible total cable length	≤ 5 m (see also tables on page 55)	
<b>Dimensions</b>	W × H × L	48 mm × 31 mm × 170 mm (1.89 in × 1.22 in × 6.69 in)	
	length including connecting cable	approx. 1.6 m (62.99 in)	
<b>Weight</b>		< 0.30 kg (0.66 lb)	

# Thermal power sensors in R&S® Smart Sensor Technology™

## R&S® NRP-Z51 thermal power sensor

<b>Frequency range</b>		DC to 18 GHz		
<b>Impedance matching (SWR)</b>	DC to 2.4 GHz	< <b>1.10</b>		
	> 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz	< <b>1.15</b>		
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< <b>1.20</b>		
<b>Power measurement range</b>	Continuous Average	1 µW to 100 mW (–30 dBm to +20 dBm), continuous, in a single range		
<b>Max. power</b>	average power	0.3 W (+25 dBm), continuous		
	peak envelope power	10 W (40 dBm) for max. 1 µs		
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate	20.833 kHz (sigma-delta)		
<b>Zero offset</b>	after external zeroing <sup>6 7</sup>	< 50 nW (33 nW, typical)		
<b>Zero drift<sup>8</sup></b>		< 20 nW		
<b>Measurement noise<sup>9</sup></b>		< 30 nW (20 nW, typical)		
<b>Uncertainty for absolute power measurements<sup>36</sup></b>		+20 °C to +25 °C	+15 °C to +35 °C	0 °C to +50 °C
	DC to < 10 MHz	0.100 dB	0.103 dB	0.114 dB
	10 MHz to < 100 MHz	0.052 dB	0.057 dB	0.075 dB
	100 MHz to 4.0 GHz	0.061 dB	0.066 dB	0.082 dB
	> 4.0 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.074 dB	0.078 dB	0.092 dB
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	0.078 dB	0.082 dB	0.095 dB
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.100 dB	0.102 dB	0.113 dB
<b>Uncertainty for relative power measurements<sup>37</sup></b>		0.032 dB		



## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z51 thermal power sensor

<b>Sensor type</b>		thermoelectric power sensor
<b>Measurand</b>		power of incident wave power of source (DUT) into 50 Ω <sup>13</sup>
<b>RF connector</b>		N (male)
<b>Measurement function</b>	stationary and recurring waveforms	Continuous Average
<b>Continuous Average function</b>	measurand	mean power over recurring acquisition interval
	aperture	1 ms to 300 ms (20 ms default)
	window function	uniform or von Hann <sup>15</sup>
	duty cycle correction <sup>16</sup>	0.001 % to 99.999 %
	capacity of measurement buffer <sup>17</sup>	1 to 1024 results
<b>Averaging filter</b>	modes	AUTO OFF (fixed averaging number) AUTO ON (continuously auto-adapted) AUTO ONCE (automatically fixed once)
	AUTO OFF	
	averaging number	$2^N$ ; $N = 0$ to 16
	AUTO ON/ONCE	
	Normal operating mode	averaging number adapted to resolution setting and power to be measured
	Fixed Noise operating mode	averaging number adapted to specified noise content
	result output	
	Moving mode	continuous, independent of averaging number
	rate	can be limited to 0.1 s <sup>-1</sup>
	Repeat mode	only final result
<b>Attenuation correction</b>	function	corrects the measurement result by means of a fixed factor (dB offset)
	range	-200.000 dB to +200.000 dB
<b>Embedding</b>	function	incorporates a two-port device at the sensor input so that the measurement plane is shifted to the input of this device
	parameters	$S_{11}$ , $S_{21}$ , $S_{12}$ and $S_{22}$ of device
	frequencies	1 to 1000
<b>Gamma correction</b>	function	removes the influence of impedance mismatch from the measurement result so that the power of the source (DUT) into 50 Ω can be read
	parameters	magnitude and phase of reflection coefficient of source (DUT)
<b>Frequency response correction</b>	function	takes the frequency response of the power sensor into account Note: Firmware version 4.22 or later is required to set the frequency of the power sensor to values below 10 MHz. Otherwise, set the frequency to 10 MHz to be compliant with specifications for absolute accuracy at signal frequencies below 10 MHz.
	parameter	center frequency of test signal
	residual uncertainty	see specification of calibration uncertainty and uncertainty for absolute power measurements
<b>Measurement time</b> <sup>21</sup> $2^N$ : averaging number		$2 \times (\text{aperture} + 450 \mu\text{s}) \times 2^N + 4 \text{ ms} + t_d$ $t_d$ (80 ms) must be taken into account when auto delay <sup>43</sup> is active
<b>Zeroing (duration)</b>	depends on setting of averaging filter	
	AUTO ON	4 s
	AUTO OFF, integration time <sup>22</sup>	
	< 4 s	4 s
	4 s to 16 s	integration time
	> 16 s	16 s
<b>Change of input reflection coefficient with respect to power</b>	only for power levels > 15 dBm	< 0.03

## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z51 thermal power sensor (continued)

<b>Calibration uncertainty</b> <sup>38</sup>	10 MHz to < 100 MHz	0.047 dB
	100 MHz to 4.0 GHz	0.057 dB
	> 4.0 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.071 dB
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	0.076 dB
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.098 dB
<b>Temperature effect</b> <sup>39</sup>		< 0.004 dB/K
<b>Linearity</b> <sup>40</sup>		0.020 dB
<b>Interface to host</b>	power supply	+5 V/0.1 A (USB low-power device)
	remote control	as a USB device (function) in full-speed mode, compatible with USB 1.0/1.1/2.0 specifications
	trigger input	differential (0 V/+3.3 V)
	connector type	ODU Mini-Snap® L series, six-pole cylindrical straight plug
	permissible total cable length	≤ 10 m (see also tables on page 55)
<b>Dimensions</b>	W × H × L	48 mm × 31 mm × 170 mm (1.89 in × 1.22 in × 6.69 in)
	length including connecting cable	approx. 1.6 m (62.99 in)
<b>Weight</b>		< 0.30 kg (0.66 lb)

## R&S® NRP-Z52/-Z55/-Z56/-Z57 thermal power sensors

Specifications from DC to 33 GHz apply to the R&S®NRP-Z52.

Specifications from DC to 40 GHz apply to the R&S®NRP-Z55 model .03.

Specifications from DC to 44 GHz apply to the R&S®NRP-Z55 model .04.

Specifications from DC to 50 GHz apply to the R&S®NRP-Z56.

Specifications from DC to 67 GHz apply to the R&S®NRP-Z57.

<b>Frequency range</b>	R&S®NRP-Z52	DC to 33 GHz		
	R&S®NRP-Z55 model .03	DC to 40 GHz		
	R&S®NRP-Z55 model .04	DC to 44 GHz		
	R&S®NRP-Z56	DC to 50 GHz		
	R&S®NRP-Z57	DC to 67 GHz		
<b>Impedance matching (SWR)</b>	DC to 100 MHz	< <b>1.03</b>		
	> 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz	< <b>1.06</b>		
	> 2.4 GHz to 12.4 GHz	< <b>1.13</b>		
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< <b>1.16</b>		
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	< <b>1.22</b>		
	> 26.5 GHz to 33.0 GHz	< <b>1.28</b>		
	> 33.0 GHz to 40.0 GHz	< <b>1.28</b>		
	> 40.0 GHz to 44.0 GHz	< <b>1.30</b>		
	> 44.0 GHz to 50.0 GHz	< <b>1.30</b>		
<b>Power measurement range</b>	> 50.0 GHz to 67.0 GHz	< <b>1.35</b>		
		300 nW to 100 mW (–35 dBm to +20 dBm), continuous, in a single range		
<b>Max. power</b>	average power	0.3 W (+25 dBm), continuous		
	peak envelope power	10 W (40 dBm) for max. 1 µs		
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate	20.833 kHz (sigma-delta)		
<b>Zero offset</b>	after external zeroing <sup>6</sup>	< <b>25 nW</b> (typically 15 nW at 1 GHz)		
<b>Zero drift<sup>8</sup></b>		< 8 nW		
<b>Measurement noise<sup>9</sup></b>		< <b>25 nW</b> (typically 15 nW at 1 GHz)		
<b>Uncertainty for absolute power measurements<sup>41</sup></b>		+20 °C to +25 °C	+15 °C to +35 °C	0 °C to +50 °C
	DC to 100 MHz	0.040 dB	0.046 dB	0.067 dB
	> 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz	0.048 dB	0.053 dB	0.072 dB
	> 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.054 dB	0.059 dB	0.079 dB
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	0.063 dB	0.068 dB	0.085 dB
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.082 dB	0.086 dB	0.100 dB
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	0.086 dB	0.086 dB	0.102 dB
	> 26.5 GHz to 33.0 GHz	0.101 dB	0.105 dB	0.121 dB
	> 33.0 GHz to 40.0 GHz	0.108 dB	0.112 dB	0.127 dB
	> 40.0 GHz to 44.0 GHz	0.138 dB	0.141 dB	0.155 dB
	> 44.0 GHz to 50.0 GHz	0.143 dB	0.146 dB	0.159 dB
> 50.0 GHz to 59.0 GHz	0.206 dB	0.208 dB	0.220 dB	
> 59.0 GHz to 67.0 GHz	0.248 dB	0.250 dB	0.260 dB	
<b>Uncertainty for relative power measurements<sup>42</sup></b>		0.010 dB		

## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z52/-Z55/-Z56/-Z57 thermal power sensors

<b>Sensor type</b>		thermoelectric power sensor
<b>Measurand</b>		power of incident wave power of source (DUT) into 50 Ω <sup>13</sup>
<b>RF connector</b>	R&S® NRP-Z52	3.50 mm (male)
	R&S® NRP-Z55 model .03	2.92 mm (male)
	R&S® NRP-Z55 model .04	2.92 mm (male)
	R&S® NRP-Z56	2.40 mm (male)
	R&S® NRP-Z57	1.85 mm (male)
<b>Measurement function</b>	stationary and recurring waveforms	Continuous Average
<b>Continuous Average function</b>	measurand	mean power over recurring acquisition interval
	aperture	1 ms to 300 ms (5 ms default)
	window function	uniform or von Hann <sup>15</sup>
	duty cycle correction <sup>16</sup>	0.001 % to 99.999 %
	capacity of measurement buffer <sup>17</sup>	1 to 1024 results
<b>Averaging filter</b>	modes	AUTO OFF (fixed averaging number)
		AUTO ON (continuously auto-adapted)
		AUTO ONCE (automatically fixed once)
	AUTO OFF	
	averaging number	$2^N$ ; $N = 0$ to 16
	AUTO ON/ONCE	
	Normal operating mode	averaging number adapted to resolution setting and power to be measured
	Fixed Noise operating mode	averaging number adapted to specified noise content
	result output	
	Moving mode	continuous, independent of averaging number can be limited to $0.1 \text{ s}^{-1}$
rate		
Repeat mode	only final result	
<b>Attenuation correction</b>	function	corrects the measurement result by means of a fixed factor (dB offset)
	range	-200.000 dB to +200.000 dB
<b>Embedding</b>	function	incorporates a two-port device at the sensor input so that the measurement plane is shifted to the input of this device
	parameters	$S_{11}$ , $S_{21}$ , $S_{12}$ and $S_{22}$ of device
	frequencies	1 to 1000
<b>Gamma correction</b>	function	removes the influence of impedance mismatch from the measurement result so that the power of the source (DUT) into 50 Ω can be read
	parameters	magnitude and phase of reflection coefficient of source (DUT)
<b>Frequency response correction</b>	function	takes the frequency response of the power sensor into account
	parameter	center frequency of test signal
	residual uncertainty	see specification of calibration uncertainty and uncertainty for absolute and relative power measurements
<b>Measurement time</b> <sup>21</sup> $2^N$ : averaging number		$2 \times (\text{aperture} + 450 \text{ } \mu\text{s}) \times 2^N + 4 \text{ ms} + t_d$ $t_d$ (40 ms) must be taken into account when auto delay <sup>43</sup> is active
<b>Zeroing (duration)</b>		10 s
<b>Change of input reflection coefficient with respect to power</b>	only for power levels > 15 dBm	< 0.005

## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z52/-Z55/-Z56/-Z57 thermal power sensors (continued)

<b>Calibration uncertainty</b> <sup>44</sup>	DC to 100 MHz	0.040 dB
	> 100 MHz to 2.4 GHz	0.047 dB
	> 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.054 dB
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	0.063 dB
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.082 dB
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	0.085 dB
	> 26.5 GHz to 33.0 GHz	0.101 dB
	> 33.0 GHz to 40.0 GHz	0.108 dB
	> 40.0 GHz to 44.0 GHz	0.138 dB
	> 44.0 GHz to 50.0 GHz	0.143 dB
	> 50.0 GHz to 59.0 GHz	0.190 dB
	> 59.0 GHz to 67.0 GHz	0.235 dB
<b>Temperature effect</b> <sup>39</sup>	DC to 100 MHz	< 0.002 dB/K
	> 100 MHz to 33.0 GHz	< 0.004 dB/K
	> 33.0 GHz to 40.0 GHz	< 0.004 dB/K
	> 40.0 GHz to 44.0 GHz	< 0.004 dB/K
	> 44.0 GHz to 50.0 GHz	< 0.004 dB/K
	> 50.0 GHz to 67.0 GHz	< 0.006 dB/K
<b>Linearity</b> <sup>40</sup>		0.007 dB
<b>Interface to host</b>	power supply	+5 V/0.1 A (USB low-power device)
	remote control	as a USB device (function) in full-speed mode, compatible with USB 1.0/1.1/2.0 specifications
	trigger input	differential (0 V/+3.3 V)
	connector type	ODU Mini-Snap® L series, six-pole cylindrical straight plug
	permissible total cable length	≤ 10 m (see also tables on page 55)
<b>Dimensions</b>	W × H × L	48 mm × 31 mm × 170 mm (1.89 in × 1.22 in × 6.69 in)
	length including connecting cable	approx. 1.6 m (62.99 in)
<b>Weight</b>		< 0.30 kg (0.66 lb)

# Average power sensors in R&S® Smart Sensor Technology™

## R&S® NRP-Z91 average power sensor

<b>Frequency range</b>		9 kHz to 6 GHz	
<b>Impedance matching (SWR)</b>	9 kHz to 2.4 GHz	< 1.13 (1.11)	( ): +15 °C to +35 °C
	> 2.4 GHz to 6.0 GHz	< 1.20 (1.18)	
<b>Power measurement range</b>		200 pW to 200 mW (–67 dBm to +23 dBm)	
<b>Max. power</b>	average power	0.4 W (+26 dBm), continuous	
	peak envelope power	1.0 W (+30 dBm) for max. 10 µs	
<b>Measurement subranges</b>	path 1	–67 dBm to –14 dBm	
	path 2	–47 dBm to +6 dBm	
	path 3	–27 dBm to +23 dBm	
<b>Transition regions</b>	with automatic path selection <sup>3</sup>	(–19 ± 1) dBm to (–13 ± 1) dBm (+1 ± 1) dBm to (+7 ± 1) dBm	
<b>Dynamic response</b>	rise time 10 %/90 %	< 5 ms	
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate (continuous)	133.358 kHz	
<b>Zero offset</b>	initial, without zeroing		( ): typical at 1 GHz +15 °C to +35 °C
	path 1	< 470 (100) pW	
	path 2	< 47 (10) nW	
	path 3	< 4.7 (1) µW	
	after external zeroing <sup>6 7</sup>		
	path 1	< 104 (64) pW	
	path 2	< 10.0 (6) nW	
path 3	< 1.00 (0.6) µW		
<b>Zero drift <sup>8</sup></b>	path 1	< 35 (0) pW	
	path 2	< 3.0 (0) nW	
	path 3	< 0.3 (0) µW	
<b>Measurement noise <sup>9</sup></b>	path 1	< 65 (40) pW	
	path 2	< 6.3 (4) nW	
	path 3	< 0.63 (0.4) µW	

## R&S® NRP-Z91 average power sensor (continued)

### Uncertainty for absolute power measurements <sup>10</sup> in dB

#### 9 kHz to < 20 kHz

0.174	0.175	0.175	
0.075	0.070	0.071	
0.056	0.047	0.048	
-67	-19	+1	+23

Power level in dBm

#### 20 kHz to < 100 MHz

0.147	0.159	0.159	0 °C to +50 °C
0.072	0.069	0.069	+15 °C to +35 °C
0.056	0.047	0.048	+20 °C to +25 °C
-67	-19	+1	+23

Power level in dBm

#### 100 MHz to 4 GHz

0.150	0.162	0.164	
0.081	0.077	0.081	
0.066	0.058	0.063	
-67	-19	+1	+23

Power level in dBm

#### > 4 GHz to 6 GHz

0.160	0.170	0.174	0 °C to +50 °C
0.096	0.089	0.097	+15 °C to +35 °C
0.083	0.072	0.082	+20 °C to +25 °C
-67	-19	+1	+23

Power level in dBm

### Uncertainty for relative power measurements <sup>11</sup> in dB

#### 9 kHz to < 20 kHz

+23	0.226	0.229	0.027	
	0.084	0.080	0.022	
+7	0.046	0.044	0.022	
+1	0.226	0.027	0.229	
	0.083	0.022	0.080	
-13	0.045	0.022	0.044	
-19	0.023	0.226	0.226	
	0.022	0.083	0.084	
-67	0.022	0.045	0.046	
-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	

Power level in dBm

#### 20 kHz to < 100 MHz

+23	0.206	0.215	0.027	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.082	0.078	0.022	+15 °C to +35 °C
+7	0.046	<b>0.044</b>	0.022	+20 °C to +25 °C
+1	0.205	0.027	0.215	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.081	0.022	0.078	+15 °C to +35 °C
-13	<b>0.044</b>	<b>0.022</b>	<b>0.044</b>	+20 °C to +25 °C
-19	0.023	0.205	0.206	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.081	0.082	+15 °C to +35 °C
-67	0.022	<b>0.044</b>	0.046	+20 °C to +25 °C
-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	

Power level in dBm

#### 100 MHz to 4 GHz

+23	0.209	0.218	0.038	
	0.088	0.085	0.032	
+7	0.055	0.047	0.031	
+1	0.206	0.028	0.218	
	0.083	0.022	0.085	
-13	0.048	0.022	0.047	
-19	0.023	0.206	0.209	
	0.022	0.083	0.088	
-67	0.022	0.048	0.055	
-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	

Power level in dBm

#### > 4 GHz to 6 GHz

+23	0.215	0.223	0.049	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.097	0.093	0.044	+15 °C to +35 °C
+7	0.066	0.059	0.043	+20 °C to +25 °C
+1	0.210	0.030	0.223	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.088	0.022	0.093	+15 °C to +35 °C
-13	0.054	0.022	0.059	+20 °C to +25 °C
-19	0.024	0.210	0.215	0 °C to +50 °C
	0.022	0.088	0.097	+15 °C to +35 °C
-67	0.022	0.054	0.066	+20 °C to +25 °C
-67	-19/-13	+1/+7	+23	

Power level in dBm

## R&S® NRP-Z92 average power sensor

Specifications apply when the power sensor is operated together with the RF power attenuator supplied. Please refer to the specifications of the R&S® NRP-Z91 when operating the power sensor section alone.

<b>Frequency range</b>		9 kHz to 6 GHz	
<b>Impedance matching (SWR)</b>	9 kHz to 2.4 GHz	< <b>1.14</b>	
	> 2.4 GHz to 6.0 GHz	< <b>1.20</b>	
<b>Power measurement range</b>	Continuous Average	2 nW to 2 W (–57 dBm to +33 dBm)	
<b>Max. power</b>	average power	3 W (+35 dBm), continuous (see diagram)	
	peak envelope power	10 W (+40 dBm) for max. 10 µs	
<b>Measurement subranges</b>	path 1	–57 dBm to –4 dBm	
	path 2	–37 dBm to +16 dBm	
	path 3	–17 dBm to +33 dBm	
<b>Transition regions</b>	with automatic path selection <sup>3</sup>	(–9 ± 1.5) dBm to (–3 ± 1.5) dBm (+11 ± 1.5) dBm to (+17 ± 1.5) dBm	
<b>Dynamic response</b>	rise time 10 %/90 %	< 5 ms	
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate (continuous)	133.358 kHz	
<b>Zero offset</b>	initial, without zeroing		( ): typical at 1 GHz +15 °C to +35 °C
	path 1	< 5.9 (1.2) nW	
	path 2	< 590 (120) nW	
	path 3	< 59 (12) µW	
	after external zeroing <sup>6 7</sup>		
	path 1	< 1.3 (0.7) nW	
	path 2	< 120 (60) nW	
path 3	< 12 (6) µW		
<b>Zero drift <sup>8</sup></b>	path 1	< 0.4 (0) nW	
	path 2	< 40 (0) nW	
	path 3	< 4 (0) µW	
<b>Measurement noise <sup>9</sup></b>	path 1	< 0.8 (0.4) nW	
	path 2	< 80 (40) nW	
	path 3	< 8 (4) µW	



## R&S® NRP-Z92 average power sensor (continued)

### Uncertainty for absolute power measurements<sup>10</sup> in dB

#### 9 kHz to < 100 MHz

0.180	0.237	–	–	
0.180	0.237	0.281	–	
0.180	0.237	0.281	0.316	
0.096	0.124	0.149	0.170	
0.079	0.088	0.104	0.119	
–57	+20	+30	+32	+33

Power level in dBm

#### 100 MHz to < 4 GHz

0.186	0.242	–	–	0 °C to +50 °C
0.186	0.242	0.285	–	0 °C to +40 °C
0.186	0.242	0.285	0.320	0 °C to +35 °C
0.106	0.133	0.157	0.176	+15 °C to +35 °C
0.085	0.098	0.113	0.128	+20 °C to +25 °C
–57	+20	+30	+32	+33

Power level in dBm

#### 4 GHz to 6 GHz

0.203	0.255	–	–	0 °C to +50 °C
0.203	0.255	0.296	–	0 °C to +40 °C
0.203	0.255	0.296	0.330	0 °C to +35 °C
0.133	0.156	0.176	0.194	+15 °C to +35 °C
0.116	0.125	0.137	0.151	+20 °C to +25 °C
–57	+20	+30	+32	+33

Power level in dBm

### Uncertainty for relative power measurements<sup>11 12</sup> in dB

#### 9 kHz to < 100 MHz

+33	0.286	0.298	0.031	
+18	0.108	0.109	0.022	
+18	0.052	0.045	0.022	
+10	0.283	0.031	0.298	
–2	0.108	0.022	0.109	
–2	0.051	0.022	0.045	
–10	0.023	0.283	0.286	
–10	0.022	0.108	0.108	
–57	0.022	0.051	0.052	
–57	–10/–2	+10/+18	+33	

Power level in dBm

#### 100 MHz to 4 GHz

+33	0.272	0.289	0.041	0 °C to +50 °C
+18	0.112	0.113	0.032	+15 °C to +35 °C
+18	0.060	0.053	0.031	+20 °C to +25 °C
+10	0.268	0.032	0.289	0 °C to +50 °C
–2	0.108	0.022	0.113	+15 °C to +35 °C
–2	0.054	0.022	0.053	+20 °C to +25 °C
–10	0.024	0.268	0.272	0 °C to +50 °C
–10	0.022	0.108	0.112	+15 °C to +35 °C
–57	0.022	0.054	0.060	+20 °C to +25 °C
–57	–10/–2	+10/+18	+33	

Power level in dBm

#### > 4 GHz to 6 GHz

+33	0.284	0.299	0.066	0 °C to +50 °C
+18	0.131	0.130	0.061	+15 °C to +35 °C
+18	0.087	0.081	0.060	+20 °C to +25 °C
+10	0.277	0.037	0.299	0 °C to +50 °C
–2	0.118	0.027	0.130	+15 °C to +35 °C
–2	0.068	0.025	0.081	+20 °C to +25 °C
–10	0.024	0.277	0.284	0 °C to +50 °C
–10	0.022	0.118	0.131	+15 °C to +35 °C
–57	0.022	0.068	0.087	+20 °C to +25 °C
–57	–10/–2	+10/+18	+33	

Power level in dBm

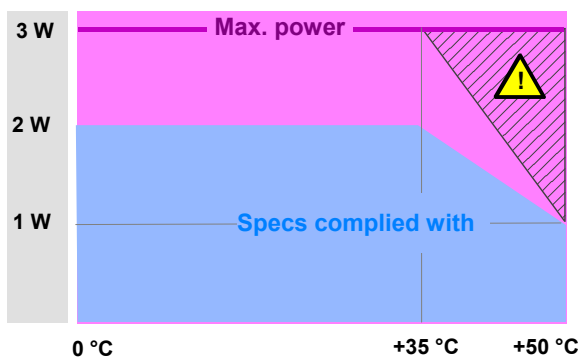
## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z91/-Z92 average power sensors

<b>Sensor type</b>		three-path diode power sensor; R&S® NRP-Z92 with preceding RF power attenuator
<b>Measurand</b>		power of incident wave power of source (DUT) into 50 Ω <sup>13</sup>
<b>RF connector</b>		N (male)
<b>RF attenuation<sup>14</sup></b>	R&S® NRP-Z91	not applicable
	R&S® NRP-Z92	10 dB
<b>Measurement function</b>	stationary and recurring waveforms	Continuous Average
<b>Continuous Average function</b>	measurand	mean power over recurring acquisition interval
	aperture	1 ms to 300 ms (20 ms default)
	window function	uniform or von Hann <sup>15</sup>
	duty cycle correction <sup>16</sup>	0.001 % to 99.999 %
	capacity of measurement buffer <sup>17</sup>	1 to 1024 results
<b>Averaging filter</b>	modes	AUTO OFF (fixed averaging number) AUTO ON (continuously auto-adapted) AUTO ONCE (automatically fixed once)
	AUTO OFF	
	averaging number	$2^N$ ; $N = 0$ to 16
	AUTO ON/ONCE	
	Normal operating mode	averaging number adapted to resolution setting and power to be measured
	Fixed Noise operating mode	averaging number adapted to specified noise content
	result output	
	Moving mode	continuous, independent of averaging number
	rate	can be limited to 0.1 s <sup>-1</sup>
	Repeat mode	only final result
<b>Attenuation correction</b>	function	corrects the measurement result by means of a fixed factor (dB offset)
	range	-200.000 dB to +200.000 dB
<b>Embedding<sup>20</sup></b>	function	incorporates a two-port device at the sensor input so that the measurement plane is shifted to the input of this device
	parameters	$S_{11}$ , $S_{21}$ , $S_{12}$ and $S_{22}$ of device
	frequencies	1 to 1000
<b>Gamma correction</b>	function	removes the influence of impedance mismatch from the measurement result so that the power of the source (DUT) into 50 Ω can be read
	parameters	magnitude and phase of reflection coefficient of source (DUT)
<b>Frequency response correction</b>	function	takes the frequency response of the sensor section and of the RF power attenuator into account (if applicable)
	parameter	center frequency of test signal
	residual uncertainty	see specification of calibration uncertainty and uncertainty for absolute and relative power measurements
<b>Measurement time<sup>21</sup></b> $2^N$ : averaging number	Continuous Average	$2 \times (\text{aperture} + 5 \text{ ms}) \times 2^N - 3.4 \text{ ms} + t_d$ $t_d$ must only be taken into account with activated auto delay (1 ms to 20 ms depending on temperature) <sup>43</sup>
<b>Zeroing (duration)</b>	depends on setting of averaging filter	
	AUTO ON	4 s
	AUTO OFF, integration time <sup>22</sup>	
	< 4 s	4 s
	4 s to 16 s	integration time
	> 16 s	16 s

## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z91/-Z92 average power sensors (continued)

<b>Measurement error due to harmonics</b> <sup>23</sup>		<i>n</i> = 2	<i>n</i> = 3	n: multiple of carrier frequency
	-30 dBc	< 0.001 dB	< 0.003 dB	
	-20 dBc	< 0.002 dB	< 0.010 dB	
	-10 dBc	< 0.010 dB	< 0.040 dB	
<b>Measurement error due to modulation</b> <sup>24</sup>	general	depends on CCDF and RF bandwidth of test signal		
	WCDMA (3GPP test model 1-64)			
	worst case	-0.02 dB to +0.07 dB		
	typical	-0.01 dB to +0.03 dB		
<b>Change of input reflection coefficient with respect to power</b> <sup>25</sup>	9 kHz to 2.4 GHz	< 0.02 (0.01)	(): +15 °C to +35 °C	
	> 2.4 GHz	< 0.03 (0.02)		
<b>Calibration uncertainty</b> <sup>26</sup>	R&S®NRP-Z91	path 1	path 2	path 3
	9 kHz to < 100 MHz	0.056 dB	0.047 dB	0.048 dB
	100 MHz to 4.0 GHz	0.066 dB	0.057 dB	0.057 dB
	> 4.0 GHz to 6.0 GHz	0.083 dB	0.071 dB	0.072 dB
	R&S®NRP-Z92 <sup>27</sup>	path 1	path 2	path 3
	9 kHz to < 100 MHz	0.078 dB	0.072 dB	0.073 dB
	100 MHz to 4.0 GHz	0.084 dB	0.077 dB	0.077 dB
	> 4.0 GHz to 6.0 GHz	0.110 dB	0.095 dB	0.095 dB
<b>Interface to host</b>	power supply	+5 V/0.2 A (USB high-power device)		
	remote control	as a USB device (function) in full-speed mode, compatible with USB 1.0/1.1/2.0 specifications		
	trigger input	differential (0 V/+3.3 V)		
	connector type	ODU Mini-Snap® L series, six-pole cylindrical straight plug		
	permissible total cable length	≤ 10 m (see also tables on page 55)		
	<b>Dimensions (W × H × L)</b>	R&S®NRP-Z91	48 mm × 31 mm × 170 mm (1.89 in × 1.22 in × 6.69 in)	
R&S®NRP-Z92		48 mm × 31 mm × 214 mm (1.89 in × 1.22 in × 8.42 in)		
length including connecting cable model .02		approx. 1.6 m (62.99 in)		
model .04		approx. 0.6 m (23.62 in)		
<b>Weight</b>	R&S®NRP-Z91	< 0.30 kg (0.66 lb)		
	R&S®NRP-Z92	< 0.37 kg (0.82 lb)		

## Power rating of the R&S® NRP-Z92



Hatched area: The maximum surface temperatures permitted by IEC 1010-1 are exceeded. Provide protection against inadvertent contacting or apply only a short-term load to the power sensor.

# Level control sensors in R&S® Smart Sensor Technology™

## R&S® NRP-Z28 level control sensor

<b>Frequency range</b>		10 MHz to 18 GHz		
<b>Impedance matching (SWR) and insertion loss</b>		input SWR	output SWR <sup>45</sup>	insertion loss <sup>46</sup> ( ): typical
	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz	< <b>1.35</b>	< <b>1.11</b>	< <b>8.0</b> (7.0) dB
	> 2.4 GHz to 4.0 GHz	< <b>1.45</b>	< <b>1.15</b>	< <b>8.5</b> (7.5) dB
	> 4.0 GHz to 8.0 GHz	< <b>1.75</b>	< <b>1.22</b>	< <b>9.5</b> (8.5) dB
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	< <b>1.80</b>	< <b>1.30</b>	< <b>10.5</b> (9) dB
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< <b>1.90</b>	< <b>1.30</b>	< <b>11.0</b> (10) dB
<b>Power measurement range</b> RF output	Continuous Average	200 pW to 100 mW (–67 dBm to +20 dBm)		
	Burst Average	200 nW to 100 mW (–37 dBm to +20 dBm)		
	Timeslot/Gate Average	600 pW to 100 mW (–62 dBm to +20 dBm) <sup>1</sup>		
	Trace	10 nW to 100 mW (–50 dBm to +20 dBm) <sup>2</sup>		
<b>Max. power</b> RF input	average power			
	10 MHz to 2.4 GHz	0.7 W (+28.5 dBm)		continuous
	> 2.4 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.9 W (+29.5 dBm)		
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	1.1 W (+30.5 dBm)		
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	1.3 W (+31.0 dBm)		
peak envelope power	7.5 dB above max. average power (for 10 µs)			
<b>Measurement subranges</b>	path 1	–67 dBm to –14 dBm		
	path 2	–46 dBm to +6 dBm		
	path 3	–26 dBm to +20 dBm		
<b>Transition regions</b>	with automatic path selection <sup>3</sup>	(–19 <sup>–1/+2</sup> ) dBm to (–13 <sup>–1/+2</sup> ) dBm (+1 <sup>–1/+2</sup> ) dBm to (+7 <sup>–1/+2</sup> ) dBm		
<b>Dynamic response</b>	video bandwidth	> 50 kHz (100 kHz)		( ): +15 °C to +35 °C
	single-shot bandwidth	> 50 kHz (100 kHz)		
	rise time 10%/90%	< 8 µs (4 µs)		
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate (continuous)	133.358 kHz (default) or 119.467 kHz <sup>4</sup>		
<b>Triggering</b>	internal			
	threshold level range	–40 dBm to +20 dBm		
	threshold level accuracy	identical to uncertainty for absolute power measurements		
	threshold level hysteresis	0 dB to 10 dB		
	dropout <sup>5</sup>	0 s to 10 s		
	external	see R&S®NRP2 base unit, R&S®NRP-Z3 USB adapter or R&S®NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub		
	slope (external, internal)	pos./neg.		
	delay	–5 ms to +100 s		
	hold-off	0 s to 10 s		
	resolution (delay, hold-off, dropout)	sample period		
	source	internal, external, immediate, bus, hold		
<b>Zero offset</b>	initial, without zeroing			
	path 1	< 505 [600] (100) pW		( ): typical at 1 GHz +15 °C to +35 °C [ ] : 8 GHz to 18 GHz
	path 2	< 52 [60] (10) nW		
	path 3	< 5.2 [6] (1) µW		
	after external zeroing <sup>6 7</sup>			
	path 1	< 114 [132] (67) pW		
	path 2	< 11 [13] (6) nW		
path 3	< 1.1 [1.3] (0.6) µW			
<b>Zero drift<sup>8</sup></b>	path 1	< 39 [44] (0) pW		
	path 2	< 3.3 [3.8] (0) nW		
	path 3	< 0.33 [0.38] (0) µW		
<b>Measurement noise<sup>9</sup></b>	path 1	< 72 [83] (42) pW		
	path 2	< 7 [8] (4) nW		
	path 3	< 0.7 [0.8] (0.4) µW		

## R&S® NRP-Z28 level control sensor (continued)

### Uncertainty for absolute power measurements <sup>10</sup> in dB

#### 10 MHz to < 20 MHz

0.174	0.175	0.175
0.075	0.070	0.071
0.056	0.047	0.048

-67                      -19                      +1                      +20  
Power level in dBm

#### 20 MHz to < 100 MHz

0.147	0.160	0.160
0.073	0.069	0.069
0.056	0.047	0.048

-67                      -19                      +1                      +20  
Power level in dBm

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

#### 100 MHz to 4 GHz

0.159	0.170	0.172
0.084	0.080	0.084
0.066	0.058	0.064

-67                      -19                      +1                      +20  
Power level in dBm

#### > 4 GHz to < 8 GHz

0.176	0.185	0.189
0.101	0.095	0.102
0.083	0.073	0.083

-67                      -19                      +1                      +20  
Power level in dBm

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

#### > 8 GHz to 12.4 GHz

0.191	0.198	0.205
0.114	0.104	0.117
0.095	0.080	0.097

-67                      -19                      +1                      +20  
Power level in dBm

#### > 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz

0.218	0.224	0.237
0.142	0.130	0.151
0.124	0.105	0.130

-67                      -19                      +1                      +20  
Power level in dBm

0 °C to +50 °C  
+15 °C to +35 °C  
+20 °C to +25 °C

## R&S® NRP-Z28 level control sensor (continued)

### Uncertainty for relative power measurements <sup>11</sup> in dB

10 MHz to < 20 MHz			
+20	0.226 0.084	0.229 0.080	0.027 0.022
+7	0.046	0.044	0.022
+1	0.226 0.083	0.027 0.022	0.229 0.080
-13	0.045	0.022	0.044
-19	0.023 0.022	0.226 0.083	0.226 0.084
-67	0.022	0.045	0.046
	-67	-19/-13	±0/+8
	Power level in dBm		

20 MHz to < 100 MHz			
+20	0.206 0.082	0.215 0.078	0.027 0.022
+7	0.046	<b>0.044</b>	0.022
+1	0.205 0.081	0.027 0.022	0.215 0.078
-13	<b>0.044</b>	<b>0.022</b>	<b>0.044</b>
-19	0.023 0.022	0.205 0.081	0.206 0.082
-67	0.022	<b>0.044</b>	0.046
	-67	-19/-13	±0/+8
	Power level in dBm		
			0 °C to +50 °C
			+15 °C to +35 °C
			+20 °C to +25 °C

100 MHz to 4 GHz			
+20	0.209 0.088	0.218 0.085	0.038 0.032
+7	0.055	0.047	0.031
+1	0.206 0.083	0.028 0.022	0.218 0.085
-13	0.048	0.022	0.047
-19	0.023 0.022	0.206 0.083	0.209 0.088
-67	0.022	0.048	0.055
	-67	-19/-13	+1/+7
	Power level in dBm		

> 4 GHz to 8 GHz			
+20	0.215 0.097	0.223 0.093	0.049 0.044
+7	0.066	0.059	0.043
+1	0.210 0.088	0.030 0.022	0.223 0.093
-13	0.054	0.022	0.059
-19	0.024 0.022	0.210 0.088	0.215 0.097
-67	0.022	0.054	0.066
	-67	-19/-13	+1/+7
	Power level in dBm		
			0 °C to +50 °C
			+15 °C to +35 °C
			+20 °C to +25 °C

> 8 GHz to 12.4 GHz			
+20	0.224 0.111	0.231 0.106	0.064 0.061
+7	0.084	0.077	0.060
+1	0.216 0.096	0.034 0.027	0.231 0.106
-13	0.063	0.025	0.077
-19	0.024 0.022	0.216 0.096	0.224 0.111
-67	0.022	0.063	0.084
	-67	-19/-13	+1/+7
	Power level in dBm		

> 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz			
+20	0.244 0.135	0.245 0.128	0.086 0.084
+7	0.110	0.102	0.083
+1	0.230 0.112	0.040 0.034	0.245 0.128
-13	0.079	0.033	0.102
-19	0.024 0.022	0.230 0.112	0.244 0.135
-67	0.022	0.079	0.110
	-67	-19/-13	+1/+7
	Power level in dBm		
			0 °C to +50 °C
			+15 °C to +35 °C
			+20 °C to +25 °C

## R&S® NRP-Z98 level control sensor

<b>Frequency range</b>		9 kHz to 6 GHz			
<b>Impedance matching (SWR) and insertion loss</b>		input SWR	output SWR <sup>45</sup>	insertion loss <sup>46</sup> ( ): typical	
	9 kHz to 2.4 GHz	< <b>1.35</b>	< <b>1.11</b>	< <b>8.0</b> (7.0) dB	
	> 2.4 GHz to 4.0 GHz	< <b>1.45</b>	< <b>1.15</b>	< <b>8.5</b> (7.5) dB	
	> 4.0 GHz to 6.0 GHz	< <b>1.75</b>	< <b>1.22</b>	< <b>9.5</b> (8.5) dB	
<b>Power measurement range</b> RF output	Continuous Average	200 pW to 100 mW (-67 dBm to +20 dBm)			
<b>Max. power</b> RF input	average power				
	9 kHz to 2.4 GHz	0.7 W (+28.5 dBm)		continuous	
	> 2.4 GHz to 6.0 GHz	0.9 W (+29.5 dBm)			
peak envelope power	7.5 dB above max. average power (for 10 µs)				
<b>Measurement subranges</b>	path 1	-67 dBm to -14 dBm			
	path 2	-46 dBm to +6 dBm			
	path 3	-26 dBm to +20 dBm			
<b>Transition regions</b>	with automatic path selection <sup>3</sup>	(-19 <sup>-1/+2</sup> ) dBm to (-13 <sup>-1/+2</sup> ) dBm (+1 <sup>-1/+2</sup> ) dBm to (+7 <sup>-1/+2</sup> ) dBm			
<b>Dynamic response</b>	rise time 10%/90%	< 5 ms			
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate (continuous)	133.358 kHz			
<b>Zero offset</b>	initial, without zeroing				
	path 1	< 505 (100) pW		( ): typical at 1 GHz +15 °C to +35 °C	
	path 2	< 52 (10) nW			
	path 3	< 5.2 (1) µW			
	after external zeroing <sup>6 7</sup>				
	path 1	< 114 (67) pW			
	path 2	< 11 (6) nW			
path 3	< 1.1 (0.6) µW				
<b>Zero drift<sup>8</sup></b>	path 1	< 39 (0) pW			
	path 2	< 3.3 (0) nW			
	path 3	< 0.33 (0) µW			
<b>Measurement noise<sup>9</sup></b>	path 1	< 72 (42) pW			
	path 2	< 7 (4) nW			
	path 3	< 0.7 (0.4) µW			





## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z28/-Z98 level control sensors

Shaded areas apply only to the R&S® NRP-Z28.

<b>Sensor type</b>		three-path diode power sensor combined with a resistive power splitter in a power leveling setup (see diagram at the end of this section)
<b>Measurand</b>		power available on a 50 Ω load power of wave emanating at RF output <sup>13</sup>
<b>RF connectors</b>		N (male)
<b>Measurement functions</b>	stationary and recurring waveforms	Continuous Average
		Burst Average
		Timeslot/Gate Average
	single events	Trace
<b>Continuous Average function</b>	measurand	mean power over recurring acquisition interval
	aperture	
	R&S® NRP-Z28	10 μs to 300 ms (20 ms default)
	R&S® NRP-Z98	1 ms to 300 ms (20 ms default)
	window function	uniform or von Hann <sup>15</sup>
	duty cycle correction <sup>16</sup>	0.001 % to 99.999 %
	capacity of measurement buffer <sup>17</sup>	1 to 1024 results
<b>Burst Average function</b>	measurand	mean power over burst portion of recurring signal (trigger settings required)
	detectable burst width	20 μs to 50 ms
	minimum gap between bursts	10 μs
	dropout period <sup>18</sup> for burst end detection	0 s to 3 ms
	exclusion periods <sup>19</sup>	
	start	0 to burst width
	end	0 s to 3 ms
	resolution (dropout and exclusion periods)	sample period (≈ 8 μs)
<b>Timeslot/Gate Average function</b>	measurand	mean power over individual timeslots/gates of recurring signal
	number of timeslots/gates	1 to 128 (consecutive)
	nominal length	10 μs to 0.1 s
	start of first timeslot/gate	at delayed trigger event
	exclusion periods <sup>19</sup>	
	start	0 to nominal length
	end	0 s to 3 ms
	resolution (nominal length and exclusion periods)	sample period (≈ 8 μs)
<b>Trace function</b>	measurand	mean power over pixel length
	acquisition	
	length ( $\Delta$ )	100 μs to 300 ms
	start (referenced to delayed trigger)	-5 ms to +100 s
	result	
	pixels ( $M$ )	1 to 1024
	resolution ( $\Delta/M$ )	
	non-recurring or internally triggered	≥ 10 μs
recurring and externally triggered	≥ 2.5 μs	

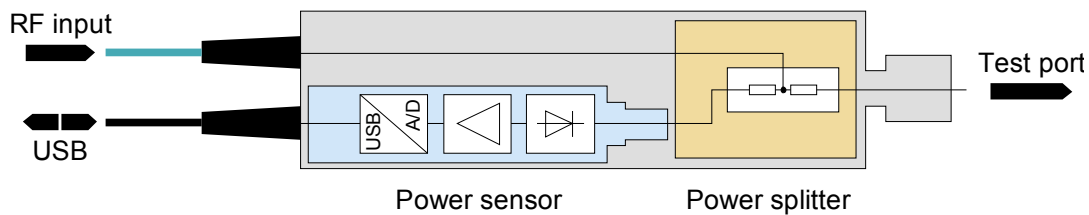
## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z28/-Z98 level control sensors (continued)

Shaded areas apply only to the R&S® NRP-Z28.

<b>Averaging filter</b>	modes	AUTO OFF (fixed averaging number)		
		AUTO ON (continuously auto-adapted)		
		AUTO ONCE (automatically fixed once)		
	AUTO OFF			
	supported measurement functions	all		
	averaging number	$2^N$ ; $N = 0$ to 16 (13 for Trace function)		
	AUTO ON/ONCE			
	supported measurement functions	Continuous Average, Burst Average, Timeslot/Gate Average		
	Normal operating mode	averaging number adapted to resolution setting and power to be measured		
	Fixed Noise operating mode	averaging number adapted to specified noise content		
	result output			
Moving mode	continuous, independent of averaging number			
rate	can be limited to $0.1 \text{ s}^{-1}$			
Repeat mode	only final result			
<b>Attenuation correction</b>	function	corrects the measurement result by means of a fixed factor (dB offset)		
	range	-200.000 dB to +200.000 dB		
<b>Embedding</b>	function	incorporates a two-port device at the RF output so that the measurement plane is shifted to the output of this device		
	parameters	$S_{11}$ , $S_{21}$ , $S_{12}$ and $S_{22}$ of device		
	frequencies	1 to 1000		
<b>Gamma correction</b>	function	removes the influence of impedance mismatch from the measurement result so that the power of the wave emanating at the RF output can be read		
	parameters	magnitude and phase of reflection coefficient of DUT		
<b>Frequency response correction</b>	function	takes the frequency response of the sensor section and of the power splitter into account		
	parameter	center frequency of test signal		
	residual uncertainty	see specification of calibration uncertainty and uncertainty for absolute and relative power measurements		
<b>Measurement time</b> <sup>21</sup>  $2^N$ : averaging number $T$ : set number of timeslots $w$ : nominal length of timeslot	Continuous Average			
	R&S® NRP-Z28	$2 \times (\text{aperture} + 105 \mu\text{s}) \times 2^N + t_z$ $t_z$ : < 1.6 ms (0.9 ms, typical)		
	R&S® NRP-Z98	$2 \times (\text{aperture} + 5 \text{ ms}) \times 2^N - 3.4 \text{ ms} + t_d$ $t_d$ must be taken into account with activated auto delay (1 ms to 20 ms depending on temperature) <sup>43</sup>		
	buffered <sup>17</sup> , without averaging		$2 \times (\text{aperture} + 250 \mu\text{s}) \times \text{buffer size} + t_z$	
	Timeslot/Gate Average			
	signal period – $T \times w > 100 \mu\text{s}$	$\leq 2 \times \text{signal period} \times (2^N + \frac{1}{2}) + t_z$		
all other cases	$\leq 4 \times \text{signal period} \times (2^N + \frac{1}{4}) + t_z$			
<b>Zeroing (duration)</b>	depends on setting of averaging filter			
	AUTO ON	4 s		
	AUTO OFF, integration time <sup>22</sup>			
	< 4 s	4 s		
	4 s to 16 s	integration time		
> 16 s	16 s			
<b>Measurement error due to harmonics</b> <sup>23</sup>		$n = 2$	$n = 3$	
	-30 dBc	< 0.001 dB	< 0.003 dB	$n$ : multiple of carrier frequency
	-20 dBc	< 0.002 dB	< 0.010 dB	
	-10 dBc	< 0.010 dB	< 0.040 dB	

## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z28/-Z98 level control sensors (continued)

<b>Measurement error due to modulation</b> <sup>24</sup>	general	depends on CCDF and RF bandwidth of test signal		
	WCDMA (3GPP test model 1-64)			
	worst case	-0.02 dB to +0.07 dB		
<b>Calibration uncertainty</b> <sup>26</sup> (R&S®NRP-Z98 up to 6 GHz only)	typical	-0.01 dB to +0.03 dB		
		path 1	path 2	path 3
	< 100 MHz	0.056 dB	0.047 dB	0.048 dB
	100 MHz to 4.0 GHz	0.066 dB	0.057 dB	0.058 dB
	> 4.0 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.083 dB	0.072 dB	0.072 dB
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	0.095 dB	0.077 dB	0.077 dB
<b>Interface to host</b>	power supply	+5 V/0.2 A (USB high-power device)		
	remote control	as a USB device (function) in full-speed mode, compatible with USB 1.0/1.1/2.0 specifications		
	trigger input	differential (0 V/+3.3 V)		
	connector type	ODU Mini-Snap® L series, six-pole cylindrical straight plug		
	permissible total cable length	≤ 10 m (see also tables on page 55)		
<b>Dimensions</b>	W × H × L	48 mm × 50 mm × 250 mm (1.89 in × 1.97 in × 9.84 in)		
	length including connecting cable	approx. 1.75 m (68.89 in)		
<b>Weight</b>		< 0.7 kg (1.54 lb)		



Block diagram of the R&S®NRP-Z28/-Z98 level control sensors.

# Power sensor modules in R&S® Smart Sensor Technology™

## R&S® NRP-Z27/-Z37 power sensor modules

Specifications from 18 GHz to 26.5 GHz apply only to the R&S® NRP-Z37.

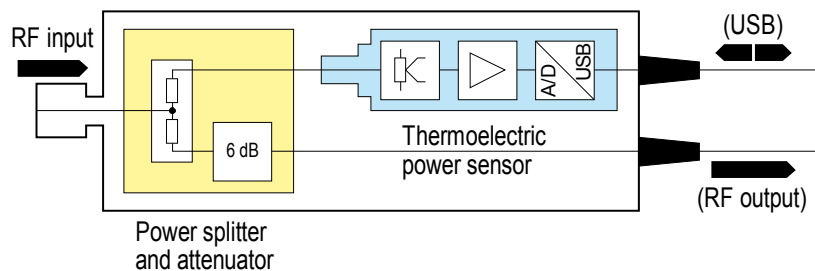
<b>Frequency range</b>	R&S® NRP-Z27	DC to 18 GHz		
	R&S® NRP-Z37	DC to 26.5 GHz		
<b>Impedance matching (SWR)</b>	RF input	R&S® NRP-Z27	R&S® NRP-Z37	
	DC to 2.0 GHz	< 1.15	< 1.15	
	> 2.0 GHz to 4.2 GHz	< 1.18	< 1.18	
	> 4.2 GHz to 8.0 GHz	< 1.23	< 1.23	
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	< 1.25	< 1.25	
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< 1.35	< 1.30	
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	–	< 1.45	
	RF output	R&S® NRP-Z27	R&S® NRP-Z37	
DC to 8.0 GHz	< 1.6	< 1.6		
> 8.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	< 2.0	< 2.0		
<b>Power measurement range</b>		4 µW to 400 mW (–24 dBm to +26 dBm), continuous, in a single range		
<b>Max. power</b>	average power	0.5 W (+27 dBm), continuous 1.0 W (+30 dBm) for max. 10 minutes		
	peak envelope power	30 W (45 dBm) for max. 1 µs		
<b>Acquisition</b>	sample rate	20.833 kHz (sigma-delta)		
<b>Zero offset</b>	after external zeroing <sup>6 7</sup>	< 400 nW (typically 200 nW at 1 GHz)		
<b>Zero drift<sup>8</sup></b>		< 160 nW		
<b>Measurement noise<sup>9</sup></b>		< 240 nW (typically 120 nW at 1 GHz)		
<b>Uncertainty for absolute power measurements<sup>47</sup></b>		+20 °C to +25 °C	+15 °C to +35 °C	0 °C to +50 °C
	with matched load on RF output (SWR < 1.05)			
	DC to < 100 MHz	0.070 dB	0.077 dB	0.103 dB
	100 MHz to 4.2 GHz	0.075 dB	0.082 dB	0.106 dB
	> 4.2 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.087 dB	0.094 dB	0.119 dB
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	0.093 dB	0.101 dB	0.130 dB
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.112 dB	0.121 dB	0.151 dB
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	0.122 dB	0.137 dB	0.190 dB
	with R&S® FSMR26 connected to RF output			
	DC to < 100 MHz	0.104 dB	0.109 dB	0.128 dB
	100 MHz to 4.2 GHz	0.116 dB	0.120 dB	0.138 dB
	> 4.2 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.163 dB	0.166 dB	0.181 dB
	> 8.0 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.183 dB	0.187 dB	0.207 dB
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	0.226 dB	0.235 dB	0.269 dB
	with R&S® FSMR26 connected to RF output and activated load interference correction			
	DC to < 100 MHz	0.067 dB	0.074 dB	0.101 dB
	100 MHz to 4.2 GHz	0.077 dB	0.083 dB	0.107 dB
	> 4.2 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.092 dB	0.099 dB	0.123 dB
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	0.099 dB	0.107 dB	0.135 dB
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.122 dB	0.130 dB	0.159 dB
> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	0.154 dB	0.167 dB	0.212 dB	
<b>Uncertainty for relative power measurements<sup>48</sup></b>		0.032 dB		

## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z27/-Z37 power sensor modules

<b>Sensor type</b>		thermoelectric power sensor with signal pick-off at RF output (see diagram at the end of this section)	
<b>Measurand</b>		power of incident wave	
		power of source (DUT) into 50 Ω <sup>13</sup>	
<b>RF connectors</b>	input		
	R&S® NRP-Z27	N (male)	
	R&S® NRP-Z37	3.5 mm (male)	
	RF signal output	3.5 mm (male)	
<b>Insertion loss</b> Between RF input and RF output	DC to 2.0 GHz	< <b>14</b> (12.5) dB	(:) : typical
	> 2.0 GHz to 4.2 GHz	< <b>15</b> (13.5) dB	
	> 4.2 GHz to 8.0 GHz	< <b>16</b> (14.0) dB	
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	< <b>17</b> (14.5) dB	
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< <b>18</b> (15.5) dB	
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	< <b>19</b> (16.5) dB	
<b>Measurement function</b>	stationary and recurring waveforms	Continuous Average	
Continuous Average function	measurand	mean power over recurring acquisition interval	
	aperture	1 ms to 100 ms (20 ms default)	
	window function	uniform or von Hann <sup>15</sup>	
	duty cycle correction <sup>16</sup>	0.001 % to 99.999 %	
	capacity of measurement buffer <sup>17</sup>	1 to 1024 results	
<b>Averaging filter</b>	modes	AUTO OFF (fixed averaging number)	
		AUTO ON (continuously auto-adapted)	
		AUTO ONCE (automatically fixed once)	
	AUTO OFF		
	averaging number	2 <sup>N</sup> ; N = 0 to 16	
	AUTO ON/ONCE		
	Normal operating mode	averaging number adapted to resolution setting and power to be measured	
	Fixed Noise operating mode	averaging number adapted to specified noise content	
	result output		
	Moving mode	continuous, independent of averaging number	
rate	can be limited to 0.1 s <sup>-1</sup>		
Repeat mode	only final result		
<b>Attenuation correction</b>	function	corrects the measurement result by means of a fixed factor (dB offset)	
	range	-200.000 dB to +200.000 dB	
<b>Gamma correction</b>	function	removes the influence of impedance mismatch from the measurement result so that the power of the source (DUT) into 50 Ω can be read	
	parameters	magnitude and phase of reflection coefficient of source (DUT)	
<b>Frequency response correction</b>	function	takes the frequency response of the sensor section and of the power splitter into account	
	parameter	center frequency of test signal	
	residual uncertainty	see specification of calibration uncertainty and uncertainty for absolute power measurements	
<b>Load interference correction</b>	function	removing the influence of the load on the RF signal output from the power measurement result	
	parameters	magnitude and phase of reflection coefficient of load	
	residual uncertainty	see specification of load interference error	

## Additional characteristics of the R&S® NRP-Z27/-Z37 power sensor modules (continued)

<b>Measurement time</b> <sup>21</sup> $2^N$ : averaging number		$2 \times (\text{aperture} + 450 \mu\text{s}) \times 2^N + 4 \text{ ms} + t_d$ $t_d$ (80 ms) must be taken into account when auto delay <sup>43</sup> is active	
<b>Zeroing (duration)</b>	depends on setting of averaging filter		
	AUTO ON	4 s	
	AUTO OFF, integration time <sup>22</sup>		
	< 4 s	4 s	
	4 s to 16 s	integration time	
	> 16 s	16 s	
<b>Calibration uncertainty</b> <sup>49</sup>	DC to < 100 MHz	0.063 dB	
	100 MHz to 4.2 GHz	0.070 dB	
	> 4.2 GHz to 8.0 GHz	0.082 dB	
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	0.088 dB	
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	0.109 dB	
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	0.118 dB	
<b>Temperature effect</b> <sup>50</sup>	DC to 4.2 GHz	< 0.004 dB/K	
	> 4.2 GHz to 8.0 GHz	< 0.005 dB/K	
	> 8.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	< 0.005 dB/K	
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< 0.006 dB/K	
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	< 0.009 dB/K	
<b>Linearity</b> <sup>40</sup>	for power levels < 100 mW (20 dBm)	< 0.020 dB	
<b>Power coefficient</b> <sup>51</sup>		< (0.02 + 0.002 f/GHz) dB/W	
<b>Load interference error</b> <sup>52</sup> From RF signal output	DC to 2.0 GHz	< <b>0.061</b> (0.003) dB	values in ( ) after load interference correction
	> 2.0 GHz to 12.4 GHz	< <b>0.050</b> (0.012) dB	
	> 12.4 GHz to 18.0 GHz	< <b>0.043</b> (0.016) dB	
	> 18.0 GHz to 26.5 GHz	< <b>0.043</b> (0.022) dB	
<b>Interface to host</b>	power supply	+5 V/0.1 A (USB low-power device)	
	remote control	as a USB device (function) in full-speed mode, compatible with USB 1.0/1.1/2.0 specifications	
	trigger input	differential (0 V/+3.3 V)	
	connector type	ODU Mini-Snap® L series, six-pole cylindrical straight plug	
	permissible cable length	≤ 10 m (see also tables on page 55)	
<b>Dimensions</b>	W × H × L	48 mm × 50 mm × 250 mm (1.89 in × 1.97 in × 9.84 in)	
	length including connecting cable	approx. 1.75 m (68.89 in)	
<b>Weight</b>		< 0.7 kg (1.54 lb)	



Block diagram of the R&S® NRP-Z27/-Z37 power sensor modules.

## Accessories for sensors

### R&S® NRP-Z2 extension cables

<b>Application</b>		for extending the connection between an R&S®NRP-Zxx power sensor and the R&S®NRP2 base unit, another Rohde & Schwarz measuring instrument, an R&S®NRP-Z3/-Z4 USB adapter or an R&S®NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub
<b>Connectors</b>	type	ODU Mini-Snap® L series, size 2, six-pole receptacle
	sensor side	
	model .03/.05/.10	in-line receptacle
	model .15	panel-mount receptacle (bulkhead jack) for < 5 mm wall thickness
<b>Length</b>	host side	
	model .03	straight plug
	model .05/.15	1.5 m
	model .10	3.5 m
<b>Permissible total length</b>	including power sensor and R&S®NRP2 base unit or R&S®NRP-Z3/-Z4 USB adapter or R&S®NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub, if applicable	8.5 m
		see tables below

Supported combinations with R&S®NRP2 base unit or other Rohde & Schwarz measuring instruments with ODU Mini-Snap® receptacle (e.g. R&S®FSMR, R&S®SMA200A, R&S®SMF100A)

R&S®NRP-Zxx power sensor	+	R&S®NRP-Z2 model .03	R&S®NRP-Z2 model .05 .15	R&S®NRP-Z2 model .10	=	total length in m	shaded combinations not permissible for R&S®NRP-Z81/-Z85/-Z86 power sensors
•		•	–	–		3.0	
•		–	•	–		5.0	
•		–	–	•		10.0	
•		–	–	•			

Supported combinations with R&S®NRP-Z3/-Z4 USB adapters

R&S®NRP-Zxx power sensor	+	R&S®NRP-Z2 model .03	R&S®NRP-Z2 model .05 .15	+	R&S®NRP-Z4 model .04	R&S®NRP-Z3/-Z4 model .02	=	total length in m
•		–	–		•	–		2.0
•		–	–		–	•		3.5
•		•	–		–	•		5.0
•		–	•		•	–		5.5
•		–	•		–	•		7.0

Supported combinations with R&S®NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub (cable between sensor and hub)

R&S®NRP-Zxx power sensor	+	R&S®NRP-Z2 model .03	R&S®NRP-Z2 model .05 .15	+	R&S®NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub	=	total length in m
•		•	–		•		3.0
•		–	•		•		5.0
•		–	–		•		10.0

Supported combinations with R&amp;S®NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub (cable between hub and host)

R&S®NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub	R&S®NRP-Z2		R&S®NRP-Z4		standard USB cable (max. length: 5 m)	total length in m
	model .03	model .05 .15	model .04	model .02		
•	•	–	–	–	–	3.0
•	–	•	–	–	–	5.0
•	–	–	•	–	–	0.5
•	–	–	–	•	–	2.0
•	–	–	–	–	•	5.0

## R&S®NRP-Z3 active USB adapter

<b>Application</b>		for connecting an R&S®NRP-Zxx power sensor to a USB host (PC or Rohde & Schwarz measuring instrument with type A receptacle)
<b>Trigger input</b>	maximum voltage	±15 V
	logic level	
	low	< 0.8 V
	high	> 2.0 V
<b>Connectors</b>	input impedance	approx. 5 kΩ
	sensor	ODU Mini-Snap® L series, size 2, six-pole receptacle
	USB host	USB type A plug
	<b>Plug-in power supply</b>	
	voltage/frequency	100 V to 240 V/50 Hz to 60 Hz
	tolerance	±10 % for voltage, ±3 Hz for frequency
	current consumption	25 mA (typical) with sensor connected
	connection	via adapter to all common AC supplies (Europe, UK, USA, Australia)
<b>Dimensions (W × H × L)</b>	USB adapter	48 mm × 45 mm × 140 mm (1.89 in × 1.77 in × 5.51 in)
	length including connecting cable	approx. 2 m (78.74 in)
	plug-in power supply	52 mm × 73 mm × 110 mm (2.05 in × 2.87 in × 4.33 in)
	length of line to USB adapter	approx. 2 m (78.74 in)
<b>Weight</b>	USB adapter	< 0.2 kg (0.44 lb)
	plug-in power supply	< 0.3 kg (0.66 lb)

## R&S®NRP-Z4 passive USB adapter cable

<b>Application</b>		for connecting an R&S®NRP-Zxx power sensor to a USB host (PC or Rohde & Schwarz measuring instrument with type A receptacle)
<b>Connectors</b>	sensor side	ODU Mini-Snap® L series, size 2, six-pole receptacle
	host side	USB type A plug
<b>Dimensions (length)</b>	model .02	approx. 2 m (78.74 in)
	model .04	approx. 0.5 m (19.69 in)



## R&S® NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub

<b>Application</b>		for connecting up to four R&S® NRP-Zxx power sensors to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a USB host (PC or Rohde &amp; Schwarz measuring instrument with type A receptacle)</li> <li>• a Rohde &amp; Schwarz measuring instrument (other than the R&amp;S® NRP2) with circular sensor connector (ODU Mini-Snap® L series, size 2, six-pole receptacle)</li> </ul>
<b>Trigger input</b>	maximum voltage	±8 V
	logic level	
	low	< 0.8 V
	high	> 2.0 V
	input impedance	approx. 10 kΩ
<b>Trigger output</b>	minimum pulse width	35 ns (without R&S® NRP-Z2 extension cable)
	high-level output voltage	< 5.3 V (no load), > 2.0 V (50 Ω)
	low-level output voltage	< 0.4 V at 5 mA sink current
<b>Power supply</b>	voltage/power	12 V to 24 V (DC)/24 W
	source	AC adapter supplied with the equipment or equivalent DC voltage source no supply from extra-low voltage supply systems or via secondary cables > 30 m (98.43 ft)
<b>Connectors</b>	sensors A to D	ODU Mini-Snap® L series, size 2, six-pole receptacle
	USB host	USB type B receptacle (certified USB 2.0 high-speed cable supplied with the equipment)
	for Rohde & Schwarz instrument	ODU Mini-Snap® L series, size 2, six-pole plug
	trigger input, trigger output	BNC receptacle
	power supply	receptacle for DC barrel connector, Ø 5.5 mm × Ø 2.1 mm × 9.5 mm; inner conductor is positive pole
<b>Dimensions (W × H × L)</b>	sensor hub	140.6 mm × 36.6 mm × 138 mm (5.54 in × 1.44 in × 5.43 in)
<b>Weight</b>	excluding accessories	< 0.55 kg (1.21 lb)
<b>AC adapter</b>	input voltage/frequency	100 V to 240 V/50 Hz to 60 Hz
	tolerance	±10 % for voltage, ±3 Hz for frequency
	input connector	C14 receptacle in line with IEC 60320
	output voltage/power	12 V (DC)/36 W
	length of secondary cable	approx. 0.72 m (28.35 in)
	dimensions (W × H × L)	120 mm × 52 mm × 31 mm (4.72 in × 2.05 in × 1.22 in)
	weight	< 0.3 kg (0.66 lb)

## R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP2 base unit

<b>Application</b>		multichannel power meter
<b>Sensors</b>		R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Zxx series
<b>Measurement channels</b>	R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP2	1
	R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP2 + R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-B2	2
	R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP2 + R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-B2 + R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-B5	4
<b>Measurement functionality</b>	single-channel	see sensor specifications, plus: relative measurement referenced to result or user-selectable reference value, storage of minima and maxima (max, min, max – min), limit monitoring
	display	
	absolute	in W, dBm and dB $\mu$ V
	relative	in dB, as change in percent ( $\Delta$ %) or as quotient
	multichannel	simultaneous measurement in up to 4 channels; individual results, ratios, relative ratios <sup>53</sup> or difference of results of 2 channels can be displayed
	display	
	ratio	in dB, as change in percent ( $\Delta$ %), as quotient or as one of the following impedance matching parameters: SWR, return loss, reflection coefficient
	relative ratio <sup>53</sup>	in dB, as change in percent ( $\Delta$ %) or as quotient
	difference	difference of powers in W, expressed in W or dBm
	<b>Display</b>	type
result representation		
numeric measurements		up to 4 results can simultaneously be displayed in separate windows (full size, 1/2 size or 1/4 size, depending on number of results)
format		digital, digital and analog
resolution		
digital values		selectable in 4 steps: 0.001 dB/0.01 %/4 1/2 digits (W, quotient) 0.01 dB/0.1 %/3 1/2 digits (W, quotient) 0.1 dB/1.0 %/2 1/2 digits (W, quotient) 1 dB/1.0 %/2 1/2 digits (W, quotient)
analog display		depending on user-definable scale end values
additional information		min, max, max – min, mean, stdev and number of recent measurements, frequency
measurement of power versus time		one or two <sup>54</sup> traces can be displayed in one full-size window: absolute power, difference in or ratio of the power of two channels
additional information		marker, gate and timeslot measurements within view area
power envelope statistics		CCDF, CDF and PDF versus absolute power in dBm or versus relative power referenced to the average power level
additional information		marker measurements

## R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP2 base unit (continued)

<b>Manual operation</b>		Windows-oriented menus with hotkeys for the most important functions
<b>Remote control</b>	systems	IEC 60625.1 (IEEE488.1) and IEC 60625.2 (IEEE488.2)
	command set	SCPI-1999.0
	IEC/IEEE bus	
	interface functions	SH1, AH1, L3, LE3, T5, TE5, SR1, PP1, PP2, RL1, DC1, E2, DT1, C0
	connector	24-pin Amphenol (female)
	USB TMC	
	connector	USB type B receptacle
	Ethernet LAN 10/100BaseT	
<b>Firmware download</b>	connector	RJ-45 modular socket
		from the R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP toolkit via the USB type B receptacle using a Windows-compatible program
<b>Inputs/outputs (front panel)</b>	A, B (R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-B2 option)	test inputs for R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Zxx power sensors
	connector	ODU Mini-Snap <sup>®</sup> L series, size 2, six-pole receptacle
	POWER REF (R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-B1 option)	1 mW/50 MHz test signal output
	connector	N (female)
<b>Inputs/outputs (rear panel)</b>	OUT1/TRIG OUT	
	modes	TRIG OUT: Trigger Output <sup>54</sup> OUT1: Analog Output, Pass/Fail, OFF
	Trigger Output	output for trigger signal from/to sensors
	high-level output voltage	< 5.3 V (no load), > 2.0 V (50 Ω)
	low-level output voltage	< 0.4 V at 5 mA sink current
	output impedance	50 Ω
	Analog Output	recorder output; user-definable linear relation to measurement result of display windows 1 to 4
	Pass/Fail	limit indicator with two user-selectable output voltages for identifying the pass and fail states in the case of limit monitoring
	OFF	0 V
	voltage range OUT1	0 V to +3.3 V
	setting accuracy	±1 % of voltage reading + (0/+8 mV)
	resolution	12 bit (monotone)
	output impedance OUT1	1 kΩ
	connector	BNC (female)
	TRIG IN/OUT 2	
	modes	Analog Output and Trigger Input
	Analog Output	recorder output; user-definable linear relation to measurement result of display windows 1 to 4
	electrical characteristics	see OUT1
	Trigger Input	input for trigger signal to sensors
	maximum voltage	-7 V/+10 V
	logic level	
	low	< 0.8 V
	high	> 2.0 V
	impedance	10 kΩ/100 pF
	connector	BNC (female)
	sensor input C (A); D (B) (R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-B5/-B6 option)	test inputs for R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Zxx power sensors
	connector	ODU Mini-Snap <sup>®</sup> L series, size 2, six-pole receptacle
<b>Power supply</b>	voltage, frequency	220 V to 240 V, 50 Hz to 60 Hz 100 V to 120 V, 50 Hz to 60 Hz and 400 Hz
	tolerance	±10 % for voltage and frequency
	apparent power	< 80 VA (including current consumption of up to four R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Zxx power sensors)
<b>Dimensions</b>	W × H × D	274 mm × 112 mm × 267 mm (10.79 in × 4.41 in × 10.51 in)
<b>Weight</b>		< 3.0 kg (6.61 lb)

## Options for the R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP2 base unit

### R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-B1 sensor check source

Sensor check source	application	as a power reference for testing sensors
	frequency	50 MHz
	power	1.00 mW
	uncertainty	
	+20 °C to +25 °C	0.85 %
	0 °C to +50 °C	1.00 %
	SWR	< 1.05
RF connector	N (female)	

### R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-B2 second test input

Second test input (B)	application	for R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Zxx power sensors (available as standard on front panel)
	connector	ODU Mini-Snap <sup>®</sup> L series, size 2, six-pole receptacle

### R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-B5 third and fourth test input

Third (C) and fourth (D) test input	application	for R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Zxx power sensors (only on rear panel)
	connector	ODU Mini-Snap <sup>®</sup> L series, size 2, six-pole receptacle

### R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-B6 rear panel assembly

Rear-panel assembly	application	for test inputs A and B (only possible if the R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-B5 option is not installed)
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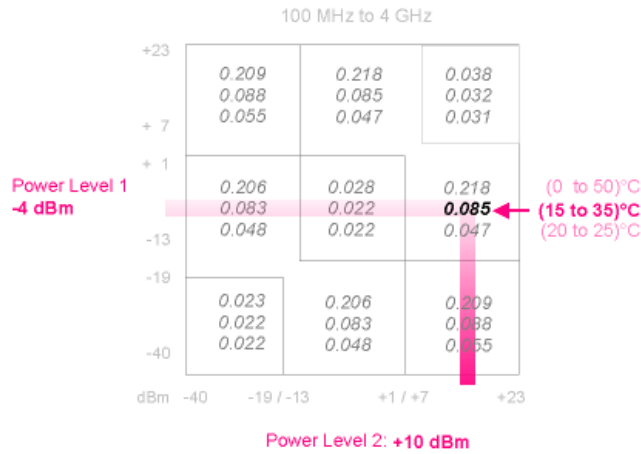
## General data

<b>Temperature loading</b> <sup>55</sup>	operating and permissible temperature range (in [ ] if different)	in line with IEC 60068
	R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP2 base unit with options, R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub	0 °C to +50 °C
	R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Zxx power sensors, R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Z2 extension cables	0 °C [-10 °C] to +50 °C [+55 °C]
	R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Z3/-Z4 USB adapters	0 °C to +40 °C
	storage temperature range	
	R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP2 base unit with options, R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub	-40 °C to +70 °C
	R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Zxx power sensors, R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Z2 extension cables and R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Z3/-Z4 USB adapters	-40 °C to +70 °C
<b>Climatic resistance</b>		in line with EN 60068
	damp heat	+25 °C/+40 °C cyclic at 95 % relative humidity
	R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Zxx power sensors, R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Z3 USB adapters, R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Z5 USB sensor hub	with restrictions: non-condensing
<b>Mechanical resistance</b>	vibration	
	sinusoidal	5 Hz to 55 Hz, max. 2 g 55 Hz to 150 Hz, 0.5 g constant, in line with EN 60068
	random	10 Hz to 500 Hz, 1.9 g (RMS), in line with EN 60068
	shock	40 g shock spectrum, in line with EN 60068
	air pressure	
	operation	795 hPa (2000 m) to 1060 hPa
	transport	566 hPa (4500 m) to 1060 hPa
<b>Electromagnetic compatibility</b>		in line with EN 61326, EN 55011
<b>Safety</b>		in line with EN 61010-1
<b>Calibration interval</b>	for R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Z8x power sensors	1 year
	for all other R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-Zxx power sensors and R&S <sup>®</sup> NRP-B1 sensor check source	2 years

# Appendix

## Reading the uncertainty of three-path diode power sensors for relative power measurements

The example shows a level step of approx. 14 dB (-4 dBm → +10 dBm) at 1.9 GHz and an ambient temperature of +28 °C for an R&S®NRP-Z21 power sensor.



## Ordering information

Designation	Type	Order No.
<b>Base unit</b>		
Power Meter	R&S®NRP2	1144.1374.02
<b>Options</b>		
Sensor Check Source	R&S®NRP-B1	1146.9008.02
Second Sensor Input (B)	R&S®NRP-B2	1146.8801.02
3rd and 4th Sensor Inputs (C, D) <sup>56</sup>	R&S®NRP-B5	1146.9608.02
Rear-Panel Sensor Inputs A and B <sup>57</sup>	R&S®NRP-B6	1146.9908.02
<b>Universal Power Sensors</b>		
200 pW to 200 mW, 10 MHz to 8 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z11	1138.3004.02/04 <sup>58</sup>
200 pW to 200 mW, 10 MHz to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z21	1137.6000.02
200 pW to 200 mW, 10 MHz to 33 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z31	1169.2400.02
1 nW to 100 mW, 10 MHz to 8 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z211	1417.0409.02
1 nW to 100 mW, 10 MHz to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z221	1417.0309.02
2 nW to 2 W, 10 MHz to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z22	1137.7506.02
20 nW to 15 W, 10 MHz to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z23	1137.8002.02
60 nW to 30 W, 10 MHz to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z24	1137.8502.02
<b>Wideband Power Sensors</b>		
1 nW to 100 mW, 50 MHz to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z81	1137.9009.02
1 nW to 100 mW, 50 MHz to 40 GHz (2.92 mm)	R&S®NRP-Z85	1411.7501.02
1 nW to 100 mW, 50 MHz to 40 GHz (2.40 mm)	R&S®NRP-Z86	1417.0109.40
<b>Thermal Power Sensors</b>		
1 µW to 100 mW, DC to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z51	1138.0005.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 33 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z52	1138.0505.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 40 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z55	1138.2008.03
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 44 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z55	1138.2008.04
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 50 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z56	1171.8201.02
300 nW to 100 mW, DC to 67 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z57	1171.8401.02
<b>Average Power Sensors</b>		
200 pW to 200 mW, 9 kHz to 6 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z91	1168.8004.02/04 <sup>58</sup>
2 nW to 2 W, 9 kHz to 6 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z92	1171.7005.02/42 <sup>59</sup>
<b>Level Control Sensors</b>		
200 pW to 100 mW, 9 kHz to 6 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z98	1170.8508.02
200 pW to 100 mW, 10 MHz to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z28	1170.8008.02
<b>Power Sensor Modules</b>		
4 µW to 400 mW, DC to 18 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z27	1169.4102.02
4 µW to 400 mW, DC to 26.5 GHz	R&S®NRP-Z37	1169.3206.02
<b>Recommended extras</b>		
R&S®NRPV Virtual Power Meter (PC application), activation for one R&S®NRP-Zxx power sensor	R&S®NRPZ-K1	1418.9800.03
Sensor Extension Cable to 3 m	R&S®NRP-Z2	1146.6750.03
Sensor Extension Cable to 5 m	R&S®NRP-Z2	1146.6750.05
Sensor Extension Cable to 10 m	R&S®NRP-Z2	1146.6750.10
Panel-Mount Extension Cable to 5 m	R&S®NRP-Z2	1146.6750.15
USB Adapter (active)	R&S®NRP-Z3	1146.7005.02
USB Adapter (passive)	R&S®NRP-Z4	1146.8001.02
USB Sensor Hub	R&S®NRP-Z5	1146.7740.02
19" Rack Adapter (for one R&S®NRP2 power meter and one empty casing)	R&S®ZZA-T26	1109.4387.00
19" Rack Adapter (for two R&S®NRP2 power meters)	R&S®ZZA-T27	1109.4393.00

<b>Service options</b>		
Two-Year Calibration Service	R&S®CO2NRP2	Please contact your local Rohde & Schwarz sales office
Three-Year Calibration Service	R&S®CO3NRP2	
Five-Year Calibration Service	R&S®CO5NRP2	
One-Year Repair Service following the warranty period	R&S®RO2NRP2	
Two-Year Repair Service following the warranty period	R&S®RO3NRP2	
Four-Year Repair Service following the warranty period	R&S®RO5NRP2	

# Footnotes

<sup>1</sup> Specifications apply to timeslots/gates with a duration of 12.5 % referenced to the signal period (duty cycle 1:8). For other waveforms, the following equation applies: lower measurement limit = lower measurement limit for Continuous Average mode /  $\sqrt{\text{duty cycle}}$ .

<sup>2</sup> With a resolution of 256 pixels.

<sup>3</sup> Specifications apply to the default transition setting of 0 dB. The transition regions can be shifted by as much as –20 dB using an adequate offset.

<sup>4</sup> To prevent aliasing in the case of signals with discrete modulation frequencies between 100 kHz and 1 MHz.

<sup>5</sup> Time span prior to triggering, where the trigger signal must be entirely below the threshold level in the case of a positive slope and vice versa in the case of a negative slope.

<sup>6</sup> Specifications expressed as an expanded uncertainty with a confidence level of 95 % (two standard deviations). For calculating zero offsets at higher confidence levels, use the properties of the normal distribution (e.g. 99.7 % confidence level for three standard deviations).

<sup>7</sup> Specifications apply to zeroing with a duration of 4 s. Zeroing for more than 4 s lowers uncertainty correspondingly (half values for 16 s).

<sup>8</sup> Within one hour after zeroing, permissible temperature change  $\pm 1$  °C, following a two-hour warm-up of the power sensor.

<sup>9</sup> Two standard deviations at 10.24 s integration time in Continuous Average mode, with aperture time set to default value. The integration time is defined as the total time used for signal acquisition, i.e. the product of twice the aperture time and the averaging number. Multiplying the noise specifications by  $\sqrt{(10.24 \text{ s}/\text{integration time})}$  yields the noise contribution at other integration times. Using a von Hann window function increases noise by a factor of 1.22.

<sup>10</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for absolute power measurements on CW signals with automatic path selection and the default transition setting of 0 dB. Specifications include calibration uncertainty, linearity and temperature effect. Zero offset, zero drift and measurement noise must additionally be taken into account when measuring low powers. As a rule of thumb, the contribution of zero offset can be neglected for power levels above –35 dBm for the R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31/-Z91, –30 dBm for the R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z211/-Z221, –25 dBm for the R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z22/-Z92 and –15 dBm for the R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z24. The contribution of measurement noise depends on power and integration time and can be neglected below 0.01 dB.

Example: The uncertainty of a power measurement at 3.2 nW (–55 dBm) and 1.9 GHz is to be determined for an R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z11. The ambient temperature is +29 °C and the averaging number is set to 32 in the Continuous Average mode with an aperture time of 20 ms.

Since path 1 is used for the measurement, the typical absolute uncertainty due to zero offset is 64 pW (typical) after external zeroing, which corresponds to a relative measurement uncertainty of

$$10 \times \lg \frac{3.2 \text{ nW} + 64 \text{ pW}}{3.2 \text{ nW}} = 0.086 \text{ dB}$$

Using the formula in footnote 9, the absolute noise contribution of path 1 is typically  $40 \text{ pW} \times \sqrt{(10.24 \text{ s}/(32 \times 2 \times 0.02 \text{ s}))} = 113 \text{ pW}$ , which corresponds to a relative measurement uncertainty of

$$10 \times \lg \frac{3.2 \text{ nW} + 113 \text{ pW}}{3.2 \text{ nW}} = 0.151 \text{ dB}$$

Combined with the uncertainty of 0.081 dB for absolute power measurements under the given conditions, the total expanded uncertainty is

$$\sqrt{0.086^2 + 0.151^2 + 0.081^2} \text{ dB} = 0.192 \text{ dB}$$

The contribution of zero drift has been neglected in this case. It must be treated like zero offset if it is relevant for total uncertainty.

<sup>11</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for relative power measurements on CW signals with automatic path selection and the default transition setting of 0 dB. For reading the measurement uncertainty diagrams of universal, average and level control sensors, see the Appendix.

Specifications include calibration uncertainty (only if different paths are affected), linearity and temperature effect. Zero offset, zero drift and measurement noise must additionally be taken into account when measuring low powers. As a rule of thumb, the contribution of zero offset can be neglected for power levels above –35 dBm for the R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31/-Z91, –30 dBm for the R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z211/-Z221, –25 dBm for the R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z22/-Z92 and –15 dBm for the R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z24. The contribution of measurement noise depends on power and integration time and can be neglected below 0.01 dB.

Example: The uncertainty of a power step from 1 mW (0 dBm) to 10 nW (–50 dBm) at 5.4 GHz is to be determined for an R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z11. The ambient temperature is +20 °C and the averaging number is set to 16 for both measurements in the Continuous Average mode with an aperture time of 20 ms. For the calculation of total uncertainty, the relative contribution of noise, zero offset and zero drift must be taken into account for both measurements. In this example, all contributions at 0 dBm and the effect of zero drift have been neglected.

Since path 1 is used for the –50 dBm measurement, the typical absolute uncertainty due to zero offset is 64 pW after external zeroing, which corresponds to a relative measurement uncertainty of

$$10 \times \lg \frac{10 \text{ nW} + 64 \text{ pW}}{10 \text{ nW}} = 0.028 \text{ dB}$$

Using the formula in footnote 9, the absolute noise contribution of path 1 is typically  $40 \text{ pW} \times \sqrt{(10.24 \text{ s}/(16 \times 2 \times 0.02 \text{ s}))} = 160 \text{ pW}$ , which corresponds to a relative measurement uncertainty of

$$10 \times \lg \frac{10 \text{ nW} + 160 \text{ pW}}{10 \text{ nW}} = 0.069 \text{ dB}$$

Combined with the uncertainty of 0.054 dB for relative power measurements under the given conditions, the total expanded uncertainty is

$$\sqrt{0.028^2 + 0.069^2 + 0.054^2} \text{ dB} = 0.092 \text{ dB}$$



- <sup>12</sup> Specifications are based on the assumption that the measurements follow each other so fast (at intervals of no more than 10 s) that the temperature of the power attenuator does not change significantly. In the case of the R&S®NRP-Z22/-Z92, the average power must not exceed 1 W to be compliant with accuracy specifications for relative power measurements.
- <sup>13</sup> Gamma correction activated.
- <sup>14</sup> Preceding sensor section (nominal value).
- <sup>15</sup> Preferably used with determined modulation when the aperture time cannot be matched to the modulation period. Compared to a uniform window, measurement noise is about 22 % higher.
- <sup>16</sup> For measuring the power of periodic bursts based on an average power measurement.
- <sup>17</sup> To increase measurement speed, the power sensor can be operated in buffered mode. In this mode, measurement results are stored in a buffer of user-definable size and then output as a block of data when the buffer is full. To enhance measurement speed even further, the sensor can be set to record the entire series of measurements when triggered by a single event. In this case, the power sensor automatically starts a new measurement as soon as it has completed the previous one.
- <sup>18</sup> This parameter enables power measurements on modulated bursts. The parameter must be longer in duration than modulation-induced power drops within the burst.
- <sup>19</sup> To exclude unwanted portions of the signal from the measurement result.
- <sup>20</sup> If embedding is used in conjunction with the R&S®NRP-Z22/-Z23/-Z24/-Z92, the data of the RF power attenuator preceding the sensor section is taken into account (automatically upon power-up of the sensor).
- <sup>21</sup> Valid for Repeat mode, extending from the beginning to the end of all transfers via the USB interface of the power sensor. Measurement times under remote control of the R&S®NRP2 base unit via IEC/IEEE bus are approximately 2.5 ms longer, extending from the start of the measurement up to when the measurement result has been supplied to the output buffer of the R&S®NRP2.
- <sup>22</sup> Integration time is defined as the total time used for signal acquisition, i.e. taking into account the chosen aperture/acquisition time and the averaging number.
- <sup>23</sup> Magnitude of measurement error referenced to an ideal thermal power sensor that measures the sum power of carrier and harmonics. For the R&S®NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31/-Z91/-Z28/-Z98, specifications apply to automatic path selection and power levels up to +20 dBm or, within a subrange, to 12.6 µW (-19 dBm) for path 1, 1.26 mW (+1 dBm) for path 2 and 100 mW (+20 dBm) for path 3. For the R&S®NRP-Z211/-Z221, specifications apply to automatic path selection and power levels up to +16 dBm or, within a subrange, to 0.1 mW (-10 dBm) for path 1 and 40 mW (+16 dBm) for path 2. Use the nominal RF attenuation of the R&S®NRP-Z22/-Z23/-Z24/-Z92 to calculate the equivalent power at the input of the RF power attenuator. Above the mentioned power limit, specifications must be raised by a factor of 1.25 per 1 dB rise in power level. Within a subrange, measurement errors are proportional to the measured power in W.
- <sup>24</sup> Measurement error referenced to a CW signal of equal power and frequency. For the R&S®NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31/-Z91/-Z28/-Z98, specifications apply to automatic path selection and power levels up to +20 dBm or, within a subrange, to 12.6 µW (-19 dBm) for path 1, 1.26 mW (+1 dBm) for path 2 and 100 mW (+20 dBm) for path 3. For the R&S®NRP-Z211/-Z221, specifications apply to automatic path selection and power levels up to +16 dBm or, within a subrange, to 0.1 mW (-10 dBm) for path 1 and 39.8 mW (+16 dBm) for path 2. Use the nominal RF attenuation of the R&S®NRP-Z22/-Z23/-Z24/-Z92 to calculate the equivalent power at the input of the RF power attenuator. Above the mentioned power limit, specifications must be raised by a factor of 1.25 per 1 dB rise in power level. Within a subrange, measurement errors are proportional to the measured power in W.
- <sup>25</sup> Applies to the R&S®NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31/-Z211/-Z221/-Z91 and the sensor section of the R&S®NRP-Z22/-Z23/-Z24/-Z92, referenced to 0 dBm.
- <sup>26</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for absolute power measurements on CW signals at the calibration level within a temperature range from +20 °C to +25 °C and at the calibration frequencies (10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz, 30 MHz, 50 MHz, 100 MHz; in steps of 250 MHz from 250 MHz to the upper frequency limit). Specifications include zero offset and measurement noise (up to a  $2\sigma$  value of 0.004 dB). The calibration level is -20 dBm for path 1 and 0 dBm for paths 2 and 3 with the R&S®NRP-Z11/-Z21/-Z31/-Z91/-Z28/-Z98 sensors and the sensor section of the R&S®NRP-Z22/-Z23/-Z24/-Z92 sensors. The calibration level for the R&S®NRP-Z211/-Z221 is -10 dBm for paths 1 and 2.
- <sup>27</sup> Specifications include sensor section and RF power attenuator.
- <sup>28</sup> With full video bandwidth. Reduce the specified minimum levels according to the reduction of sampling noise at lower bandwidths.
- <sup>29</sup> Specifications are valid from +15 °C to +50 °C ambient temperature. Below +15 °C, video bandwidth and single-shot bandwidth continuously decrease down to 20 MHz (typical) at 0 °C. Accordingly, the sensor rise time increases up to 50 ns for signals below 500 MHz and up to 20 ns for higher frequencies (typical at 0 °C).
- <sup>30</sup> Specifications are valid at +23 °C ambient temperature for power levels  $\leq -20$  dBm and frequencies  $\geq 500$  MHz. For measurements at other temperatures levels and/or frequencies, use the multipliers from table A.
- <sup>31</sup> Measured over a one-minute interval, at constant temperature, two standard deviations.
- <sup>32</sup> 512k averages taken with the aperture time set to default (10 µs). The measurement noise with other averaging numbers can be calculated by applying the multipliers indicated below:

Averaging number	512k	128k	32k	8k	2k	512	128	32	8
Integration time	10.5 s	3.9 s	1.0 s	0.25 s	60 ms	15 ms	3.8 ms	1.0 ms	0.24 ms
Noise multiplier	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>256</b>

Using a von Hann window function further increases noise by a factor of 1.22. Integration time is defined as the total time used for signal acquisition, i.e. the product of twice the aperture time and the averaging number.

The measurement noise is always minimal for the default aperture time. Increasing the aperture time above this value is only useful for suppressing modulation-induced fluctuations of the measurement result, e.g. by matching the aperture time to the modulation period.

- <sup>33</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for absolute power measurements on CW signals. Specifications include calibration uncertainty, linearity, reflection of sensor-induced harmonics on the DUT, and temperature effect. Zero offset, zero drift and measurement noise must additionally be taken into account when measuring low powers. As a rule of thumb, the contribution of zero offset and zero drift can be neglected for power levels above  $-35$  dBm if external zeroing has been applied. The contribution of measurement noise can be neglected below  $0.02$  dB.

Example: The power to be measured is  $40$  nW ( $-44$  dBm) at  $12$  GHz in the Continuous Average mode; ambient temperature  $+35$  °C; averaging number set to  $32k$  with an aperture time of  $10$   $\mu$ s ( $1$  s integration time).

The typical absolute uncertainty due to zero offset is  $220$  pW at  $+23$  °C. From table A, a multiplier of  $1.4$  can be taken to read a typical zero offset of  $308$  pW at  $+35$  °C. The corresponding relative measurement uncertainty can be calculated as follows:

$$10 \times \lg \frac{40 \text{ nW} + 308 \text{ pW}}{40 \text{ nW}} = 0.033 \text{ dB}$$

Using the noise multiplier (4) from footnote 32 and the multiplier (1.4) from table A, the absolute noise contribution is typically  $110$  pW  $\times 4 \times 1.4 = 616$  pW, which corresponds to a relative measurement uncertainty of

$$10 \times \lg \frac{40 \text{ nW} + 616 \text{ pW}}{40 \text{ nW}} = 0.066 \text{ dB}$$

Combined with the value of  $0.18$  dB specified for the uncertainty of absolute power measurements at  $12$  GHz, the total expanded uncertainty is

$$\sqrt{0.18^2 + 0.033^2 + 0.066^2} \text{ dB} = 0.195 \text{ dB}$$

The contribution of zero drift has been neglected in this case. It must be treated like zero offset if it is relevant for total uncertainty.

- <sup>34</sup> Magnitude of measurement error referenced to an ideal thermal power sensor that measures the sum power of carrier and harmonics. For power levels below  $-10$  dBm, the specifications for  $2 \times f_0$  ( $3 \times f_0$ ) can be lowered by a factor of  $\sqrt{10}$  ( $10$ ) per  $10$  dB below  $-10$  dBm. Example: At  $12$  GHz/ $-30$  dBm, the influence of the second harmonic, suppressed by  $20$  dBc, will cause an error of  $\text{max. } 0.25 \text{ dB} \div 10 = 0.025 \text{ dB}$ . Standard uncertainties can be assumed to be half the values.
- <sup>35</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for absolute power measurements on CW signals at the calibration level ( $-10$  dBm) within a temperature range from  $+20$  °C to  $+25$  °C and at the calibration frequencies (50/55/60/68/80/100/200/300/400/499.99/500/600/720/850/1000/1500 MHz; R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z81: in steps of  $0.5$  GHz from  $2$  GHz to the upper frequency limit; R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z85/-Z86: in steps of  $1$  GHz from  $2$  GHz to  $26$  GHz and in steps of  $0.5$  GHz from  $26.5$  GHz to  $40$  GHz). Specifications include zero offset and measurement noise (up to a  $2\sigma$  value of  $0.01$  dB).
- <sup>36</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for absolute power measurements. Specifications include calibration uncertainty, linearity and temperature effect. Zero offset, zero drift and measurement noise must additionally be taken into account when measuring low powers. As a rule of thumb, the contribution of zero offset can be neglected for power levels above  $-15$  dBm if external zeroing has been applied. The contribution of measurement noise can be neglected below  $0.01$  dB.

Example: The power to be measured with an R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z51 is  $5$   $\mu$ W ( $-23$  dBm) at  $0.9$  GHz; ambient temperature  $+29$  °C; averaging number set to  $16$  in Continuous Average mode with an aperture time of  $20$  ms. The typical absolute uncertainty due to zero offset (after external zeroing) is  $33$  nW, which corresponds to a relative measurement uncertainty of

$$10 \times \lg \frac{5 \mu\text{W} + 33 \text{ nW}}{5 \mu\text{W}} = 0.029 \text{ dB}$$

Using the formula in footnote 9, the absolute noise contribution is typically  $20$  nW  $\times \sqrt{(10.24 \text{ s} / (16 \times 2 \times 0.02 \text{ s}))} = 80$  nW, which corresponds to a relative measurement uncertainty of

$$10 \times \lg \frac{5 \mu\text{W} + 80 \text{ nW}}{5 \mu\text{W}} = 0.069 \text{ dB}$$

Combined with the value of  $0.066$  dB specified for the uncertainty of absolute power measurements, the total expanded uncertainty is

$$\sqrt{0.066^2 + 0.029^2 + 0.069^2} \text{ dB} = 0.100 \text{ dB}$$

- <sup>37</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for relative power measurements. Specifications include linearity and temperature effect. Zero offset, zero drift and measurement noise must additionally be taken into account when measuring low powers. As a rule of thumb, the contribution of zero offset can be neglected for power levels above  $-15$  dBm if external zeroing has been applied. The contribution of measurement noise can be neglected below  $0.01$  dB. See also the example in footnote 11 for taking into account zero offset and noise with relative measurements.
- <sup>38</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for absolute power measurements at the calibration level ( $0$  dBm) within a temperature range from  $+20$  °C to  $+25$  °C and at the calibration frequencies ( $10$  MHz,  $50$  MHz,  $100$  MHz; in steps of  $500$  MHz from  $500$  MHz to the upper frequency limit). Specifications include zero offset and measurement noise (up to a  $2\sigma$  value of  $0.004$  dB).
- <sup>39</sup> Error of an absolute power measurement with respect to temperature.
- <sup>40</sup> Expanded uncertainty for relative power measurements referenced to the calibration level ( $0$  dBm), excluding zero offset, zero drift and measurement noise.

- <sup>41</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for absolute power measurements. Specifications include calibration uncertainty, linearity and temperature effect. Zero offset and measurement noise must additionally be taken into account when measuring low powers, whereas zero drift is negligible over the entire measurement range. As a rule of thumb, the contribution of zero offset can be neglected for power levels above  $-20$  dBm if external zeroing has been applied. The contribution of measurement noise can be neglected below  $0.01$  dB.

Example: The power to be measured with an R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z56 is  $5 \mu\text{W}$  ( $-23$  dBm) at  $48$  GHz; ambient temperature  $+29$  °C; averaging number set to  $64$  in Continuous Average mode with an aperture time of  $5$  ms (default).

The absolute uncertainty due to zero offset (after external zeroing) is  $25$  nW, which corresponds to a relative measurement uncertainty of

$$10 \times \lg \frac{5 \mu\text{W} + 25 \text{nW}}{5 \mu\text{W}} = 0.022 \text{ dB}$$

Using the formula in footnote 9, the absolute noise contribution is  $25 \text{ nW} \times \sqrt{(10.24 \text{ s}/(64 \times 2 \times 0.005 \text{ s}))} = 100 \text{ nW}$ , which corresponds to a relative measurement uncertainty of

$$10 \times \lg \frac{5 \mu\text{W} + 100 \text{nW}}{5 \mu\text{W}} = 0.086 \text{ dB}$$

Combined with the value of  $0.149$  dB specified for the uncertainty of absolute power measurements at  $48$  GHz and  $+29$  °C ambient temperature, the total expanded uncertainty is

$$\sqrt{0.149^2 + 0.022^2 + 0.086^2} = 0.173 \text{ dB}$$

- <sup>42</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for relative power measurements. Specifications include linearity and temperature effect. Zero offset and measurement noise must additionally be taken into account when measuring low powers, whereas zero drift is negligible over the entire measurement range. As a rule of thumb, the contribution of zero offset can be neglected for power levels above  $-20$  dBm if external zeroing has been applied. The contribution of measurement noise can be neglected below  $0.01$  dB. See also the example in footnote 11 for taking into account zero offset and noise with relative measurements.
- <sup>43</sup> With activated auto delay, the beginning of a measurement sequence is delayed so that settled readings are obtained even if the measurement command (remote trigger) coincides with a signal step up to  $\pm 10$  dB.
- <sup>44</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for absolute power measurements at the calibration level ( $0$  dBm) within a temperature range from  $+20$  °C to  $+25$  °C and at the calibration frequencies (DC,  $10$  MHz,  $50$  MHz,  $100$  MHz,  $300$  MHz,  $500$  MHz,  $750$  MHz; in steps of  $500$  MHz from  $1$  GHz to the upper frequency limit). Specifications include zero offset and measurement noise (up to a  $2\sigma$  value of  $0.004$  dB).
- <sup>45</sup> Equivalent source SWR.
- <sup>46</sup> Between RF input and RF output (test port).
- <sup>47</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for absolute power measurements up to  $100$  mW ( $+20$  dBm) at the calibration frequencies (see footnote 49). Specifications include calibration uncertainty, linearity, temperature effect and interference from the wave reflected by the load on the RF output. Zero offset, zero drift and measurement noise must additionally be taken into account when measuring low powers. If the measured power exceeds  $100$  mW, the power coefficient of the integrated power splitter must be taken into account (see footnote 51). As a rule of thumb, the contribution of zero offset can be neglected for power levels above  $-7$  dBm if external zeroing has been applied. The contribution of measurement noise can be neglected below  $0.01$  dB.

Example: The power to be measured with an R&S<sup>®</sup>NRP-Z37 is  $50 \mu\text{W}$  ( $-13$  dBm) at  $19$  GHz; ambient temperature  $+29$  °C; averaging number set to  $64$  in Continuous Average mode with an aperture time of  $20$  ms.

The maximum absolute uncertainty due to zero offset (after external zeroing) is  $400$  nW, which corresponds to a relative measurement uncertainty of

$$10 \times \lg \frac{50 \mu\text{W} + 400 \text{nW}}{50 \mu\text{W}} = 0.035 \text{ dB}$$

Using the formula in footnote 9, the maximum absolute noise contribution is  $240 \text{ nW} \times \sqrt{(10.24 \text{ s}/(64 \times 2 \times 0.02 \text{ s}))} = 480 \text{ nW}$ , which corresponds to a relative measurement uncertainty of

$$10 \times \lg \frac{50 \mu\text{W} + 480 \text{nW}}{50 \mu\text{W}} = 0.042 \text{ dB}$$

Combined with the value of  $0.137$  dB specified for the uncertainty of absolute power measurements, the total expanded uncertainty is

$$\sqrt{0.035^2 + 0.042^2 + 0.137^2} \text{ dB} = 0.148 \text{ dB}$$

- <sup>48</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for relative power measurements. Specifications include linearity and temperature effect. Zero offset, zero drift and measurement noise must additionally be taken into account when measuring low powers. As a rule of thumb, the contribution of zero offset can be neglected for power levels above  $-7$  dBm if external zeroing has been applied. The contribution of measurement noise can be neglected below  $0.01$  dB. See also the example in footnote 11 for taking into account zero offset and noise with relative measurements.
- <sup>49</sup> Expanded uncertainty ( $k = 2$ ) for absolute power measurements at the calibration level ( $0$  dBm) within a temperature range from  $+20$  °C to  $+25$  °C and at the calibration frequencies. Specifications include zero offset and measurement noise (up to a  $2\sigma$  value of  $0.004$  dB). The load on the RF signal output must be of a low-reflection type ( $\text{SWR} < 1.05$ ) or load interference correction must be applied.  
Calibration frequencies:  $0.1/0.5/1/3/5/10/50/100$  MHz; in steps of  $100$  MHz from  $100$  MHz to the upper frequency limit.
- <sup>50</sup> Error of an absolute power measurement with respect to temperature, taking into account the power sensor section, the power splitter and the RF cable (temperature-dependent interference from the load on the RF signal output due to phase change).
- <sup>51</sup> Maximum change of insertion loss of the power splitter with respect to input power, leading to an equivalent measurement error of the power sensor module and a change of the power available at the RF signal output. The power coefficient should be taken into account if the input power exceeds  $100$  mW ( $+20$  dBm).

<sup>52</sup> Measurement error due to interference of the wave reflected by a mismatched load on the RF signal output. Specifications are indicated for a 0.1 reflection coefficient of the load. Since the load interference error is proportional to the amplitude of the reflected wave, half (twice) the values will be encountered for a reflection coefficient of 0.05 (0.2). The error introduced by an R&S®FSMR26 at the RF signal output does not exceed  $\pm 0.06$  dB from DC to 2 GHz,  $\pm 0.10$  dB up to 18 GHz, and  $\pm 0.14$  dB up to 26.5 GHz.

Values in ( ) represent residual error contribution after numeric load interference correction. This correction function requires the complex reflection coefficient of the load to be transferred to the power sensor module. The residual error contribution of an R&S®FSMR26 at the RF signal output does not exceed  $\pm 0.003$  dB from DC to 2 GHz,  $\pm 0.04$  dB up to 18 GHz, and  $\pm 0.07$  dB up to 26.5 GHz.

<sup>53</sup> Quotient of a measured and a stored power ratio, e.g. for measuring gain compression of amplifiers.

<sup>54</sup> Two-channel measurements in the Trace mode of the R&S®NRP2 will be available in firmware version 07.03 to be released by the end of 2011.

<sup>55</sup> The operating temperature range defines the span of ambient temperature in which the instrument complies with specifications. In the permissible temperature range, the instrument is still functioning but compliance with specifications is not warranted.

<sup>56</sup> R&S®NRP-B2 option required.

<sup>57</sup> Not in conjunction with the R&S®NRP-B5 option.

<sup>58</sup> Model .04 with reduced length of connecting cable (0.4 m).

<sup>59</sup> Order No. 1171.7005.42 includes an R&S®NRP-Z4 USB adapter cable (model .04; 0.5 m long).







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